

SSC MAINS MOCK TEST - 32 (ANSWER KEY)

1. (B)	26. (A)	51. (D)	76. (C)	101. (D)	126. (A)	151. (D)	176. (C)
2. (A)	27. (B)	52. (C)	77. (A)	102. (B)	127. (A)	152. (C)	177. (B)
3. (B)	28. (A)	53. (C)	78. (A)	103. (D)	128. (A)	153. (A)	178. (C)
4. (A)	29. (C)	54. (C)	79. (A)	104. (B)	129. (D)	154. (D)	179. (D)
5. (A)	30. (D)	55. (C)	80. (B)	105. (C)	130. (B)	155. (B)	180. (D)
6. (C)	31. (B)	56. (D)	81. (C)	106. (C)	131. (B)	156. (D)	181. (B)
7. (B)	32. (A)	57. (D)	82. (A)	107. (D)	132. (A)	157. (B)	182. (D)
8. (C)	33. (C)	58. (D)	83. (A)	108. (B)	133. (A)	158. (D)	183. (C)
9. (D)	34. (A)	59. (B)	84. (C)	109. (A)	134. (B)	159. (A)	184. (C)
10. (C)	35. (C)	60. (B)	85. (B)	110. (B)	135. (A)	160. (C)	185. (D)
11. (C)	36. (D)	61. (D)	86. (D)	111. (A)	136. (B)	161. (A)	186. (B)
12. (D)	37. (B)	62. (B)	87. (D)	112. (A)	137. (A)	162. (C)	187. (A)
13. (B)	38. (C)	63. (B)	88. (B)	113. (A)	138. (A)	163. (D)	188. (A)
14. (C)	39. (A)	64. (D)	89. (B)	114. (A)	139. (B)	164. (B)	189. (A)
15. (A)	40. (A)	65. (A)	90. (B)	115. (C)	140. (B)	165. (D)	190. (A)
16. (D)	41. (A)	66. (A)	91. (B)	116. (A)	141. (A)	166. (C)	191. (A)
17. (D)	42. (B)	67. (A)	92. (B)	117. (B)	142. (B)	167. (B)	192. (B)
18. (B)	43. (A)	68. (A)	93. (B)	118. (C)	143. (C)	168. (B)	193. (D)
19. (B)	44. (C)	69. (B)	94. (B)	119. (C)	144. (B)	169. (B)	194. (C)
20. (C)	45. (C)	70. (B)	95. (A)	120. (B)	145. (B)	170. (D)	195. (D)
21. (D)	46. (A)	71. (D)	96. (A)	121. (C)	146. (D)	171. (B)	196. (A)
22. (B)	47. (A)	72. (A)	97. (A)	122. (B)	147. (B)	172. (B)	197. (A)
23. (B)	48. (D)	73. (A)	98. (C)	123. (B)	148. (C)	173. (D)	198. (A)
24. (C)	49. (D)	74. (B)	99. (C)	124. (C)	149. (D)	174. (C)	199. (C)
25. (D)	50. (A)	75. (A)	100. (C)	125. (A)	150. (B)	175. (A)	200. (D)

EXPLANATION

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| <p>1. (B) Replace 'informations' with 'information'. Information is an Uncountable Noun. To refer the plural 'pieces of information' could be better option.</p> <p>2. (A) Remove 'for'. There is no need of 'for'. 'Order' means to give a command to or for.</p> <p>3. (B) Replace 'from' with 'of'. 'Cure of' is the correct form.</p> <p>4. (A) The modifier 'only' need to be placed near the word it qualifies. Hence 'only' on one side will be the correct formation.</p> <p>5. (A) 'If' and 'supposing' are nearly same in the meaning. So remove 'supposing'. 'If you become' is the correct form.</p> <p>6. (C) 'Between two and three' is the correct formation. 'Between ... and' is the correct pair of conjunction.</p> <p>7. (B) Remove 'but'. Though does not take 'but'.</p> | <p>8. (C) Replace 'are' with 'is'. Verb will be used according to the subject before preposition. 'Everyone' is singular.</p> <p>10. (C) Add 'with' with 'cut'. A knife to cut with.</p> <p>11. (C) Insert 'was' before 'caught'. Sentence should be in Passive Voice.</p> <p>12. (D)</p> <p>13. (B) Remove 'he'. 'Akshay Kumar and he' together make the sentence superfluous.</p> <p>14. (C) Add reflexive pronoun 'himself' with enjoyed. 'Enjoyed himself' is the correct form.</p> <p>15. (A) Replace 'would have' by 'had'. The formation of the sentence is based on [If + had + V₃]</p> <p>16. (D) Add 'he' before being. This is a sentence of dangling participle. If we don't add 'he' before 'being', the subject of the second part will become the subject of the 1st part and then the meaning of the sentence will become wrong.</p> |
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| <p>17. (D) No error</p> <p>18. (B) Replace 'angers' with 'anger'. Anger is (Abstract) Uncountable Noun. It cannot be made plural.</p> <p>19. (B) Replace 'witness' with 'evidence'.
Witness - A person who sees or otherwise has personal knowledge of something.
Evidence - Material presented to a court to help find the truth about something.</p> <p>20. (C) Replace 'alphabets' with 'alphabet'. 'Alphabet' means 'the letters of a language arranged in their usual order.'</p> <p>21. (D) 'Abide' takes preposition 'by' with 'it'. 'Abide by' means 'to accept without objection'.</p> <p>22. (B) 'Harness' is the correct option which means 'to utilize'.</p> <p>23. (B) 'Tear off' is the correct option which means 'to remove by pulling apart.'</p> <p>24. (C) 'Agree on' will be the correct option. We 'agree on' some issue or point of debate.</p> <p>25. (D) 'Deter' is the correct option which means to cause (someone) not to be something.</p> <p>97. (A) 'Provided with' is the correct option which means to give something that is needed.</p> <p>98. (C) For appearing in examination we use 'sit for' which means 'to take an exam'.</p> <p>99. (C) The second part of the sentence is in Future Tense. Hence according to the meaning of sentence first part of the sentence should be in the Present Perfect Tense to express completion of action.</p> <p>100. (C) 'Command of' is the correct option. 'Command of any language' means well versed in that language. 'Command over' means 'to have control and authority' like on people.</p> <p>101. (D) 'Send for' is the correct option which means 'Summon'. 'Had better' is followed by base form of verb.</p> <p>102. (B) 'Insisted that' will be the correct option. Which means to be emphatic, firm or resolute. Insist will take no preposition</p> | <p>in this sentence as it is not followed by an object.</p> <p>103. (D) 'See through' is the correct option which means 'not to be deceived by and detect the true nature of' (समझ जाना)।</p> <p>104. (B) Replace 'place' with 'room'. 'Room' refers to the space that can be occupied.</p> <p>105. (C) 'Film began' is the correct option. Second part of the sentence should be in Past Indefinite Tense.</p> <p>106. (C) 'A few' is the correct option which means 'a small number of'.</p> <p>107. (D) 'Anxious takes preposition about'. 'Anxious about' means 'afraid or nervous about what may happen'.</p> <p>108. (B) 'Called for' is the appropriate option which means 'make necessary' or publicly ask for or demand.</p> <p>109. (A) 'Inclined' is the correct option which means 'to become drawn forward an opinion or course of conduct'.</p> <p>110. (B) 'Eased up' is the suitable option which means 'freedom from pain or physical annoyance or to have rest or comfort'.</p> <p>111. (A) 'Flagged off' is the correct option which means 'to inaugurate something'.</p> <p>112. (A) 'Forbid' takes preposition from which means 'to hinder or prevent'.
Forbid +to + V₁ or Forbid + from + V₁ + ing.</p> <p>113. (A) 'Because of the' correct option which shows the reason.</p> <p>114. (A) 'Foresight' is the correct option which means 'the ability to see what will or might happen in the future'.</p> <p>115. (C) Declined is the correct option which means to refuse to accept, do or agree. While deny means to declare not to be true.</p> <p>116. (A) 'Evaded' is the correct option which means 'to get away from' (से बचना)।</p> <p>117. (B) 'Look to' is the correct option which means 'to hope or expect to get help, advice'.</p> <p>118. (B) The correct order is time, date and year.</p> |
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MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Word	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Acrophobia	abnormal dread of being in a high place : fear of heights	ऊँचाई से डरना
Agoraphobia	a fear of being in open or public places	खुले स्थान का भय/ भीड़ से डर लगना
Ambulophobia	the fear of walking at anywhere in any time	चलने का डर/ किसी भी स्थान पर किसी भी समय चलने का डर
Animosity	a strong feeling of dislike or hatred	शत्रुता
Anomalous	not expected or usual	विलक्षण/ अनियमित
Anuptaphobia	the fear of reaming unmarried or being married to the wrong person	अविवाहित होने का डर या गलत व्यक्ति से शादी होने का डर
Bowline	a knot used for making a loop that will not slip	न फिसलने वाली गाँठ
Candid	marked by or showing honesty	स्पष्टवादी/ निष्कपट
Canine	a conical pointed tooth, or one situated between the lateral incisor and the first premolar	दाँत/ कुचली/ रदनक
Cognate	having the same origin	एक ही जड़ से उत्पन्न होना
Cohesion	the action of sticking together	लगाव, सम्बद्धता
Consummate	to make (something) perfect or complete	पक्का/ परम/ मुकम्मल
Culpable	deserving condemnation or blame as wrong or harmful	दंडयोग्य/ सदोष/ दंडनीय
Debenture	a corporate security other than an equity security, bond	ऋण-पत्र/ डिबेंचर
Delirium	a condition of mind in which thought and speech are confused usually because of a high fever or other illness	अचेतना/ बेसुधी
Desecration	an act or instance of desecrating : the state of being desecrated	तोड़ना-मरोड़ना/ दूषित/ अपवित्रता
Exploit	a notable or heroic act	कारनामा
Fallible	capable of making a mistake	दीषक्षम
Feline	of, relating to, or affecting cats or the cat family	बिल्ली के समान/ बिल्ली सा
Filthy	very offensive or disgusting and usually about sex	बहुत ही खराब
Freak	a sudden and odd or seemingly pointless idea or turn of the mind	सनकी/ अनूठा
Impertinent	very rude : having or showing a lack of respect	गुस्ताख/ ढीठ
Impregnable	incapable of being taken by assault	अखंडनीय/ अभेद्य अकाट
Indecent	coarse, vulgar	अशोभनीय/ अनुचित
Inquisitive	given to examination or investigation	खोजी/ पूछताछ करने वाला
Insurmountable	impossible to solve or get control of : impossible to overcome	अजय/ दुर्गम/ दुस्तर/ जो रास्त न किया जा सके

Muster	a formal military gathering to examine or test soldiers	जायजा या मुआयना
Obscene	very shocking to a person's sense of what is moral or decent	घिनौना
Ouster	the act or an instance of forcing out or of being forced out	निर्वासन/ बेदखली/ निकाल देना
Patriarch	a man who heads a family, group, or government or a respected old man	वंशया धर्म का प्रधान/ पूजनीय वृद्ध व्यक्ति/ कुलपिता
Pawnbroker	one who lends money in exchange for personal property that can be sold if the loan is not repaid by a certain time	सूदखोर/ गिखीदार
Pedagogue	a dull, formal, or pedantic teacher	अध्यापक/ उस्ताद
Philomath	a lover of learning	विद्याप्रेमी
Plaintive	expressive of suffering or woe	दुःखपूर्ण/ सोक सूचक
Postdiction	the construction of past conditions by relying on the present	पूर्वावलोकन
Postscript	a note or series of notes appended to a completed letter, article, or book	उपलेख/ उपसंहार
Postulate	a hypothesis advanced as an essential presupposition, condition, or premise of a train of reasoning	स्वीकृत पक्ष/ स्वसिद्ध आधार तत्व
Prognosis	a judgment about what is going to happen in the future	पूर्वानुमान
Ratification	the act or process of giving legal approval to	अनुसमर्थन/ संपुष्टि
Sanguine	confident and hopeful	आशापूर्ण/ विश्वासपूर्ण
Shimmering	to shine with a wavering light	झिलमिलाहट/ जगमगाहट
Squander	to spend extravagantly or foolishly	उड़ाऊ, खर्चीला
Stifling	to cause or have difficulty in breathing	दमघोंटू
Suffocate	to kill by stopping the breathing of or by depriving of oxygen to breathe	दम घुटना

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

Note : Whatsapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 705360571 for any of the doubts. Join the group and you may also share your sugesstions and experience of Sunday Mock Test.

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