

**SSC MAINS MOCK TEST - 34 (ANSWER KEY)**

1. (D)	26. (C)	51. (D)	76. (A)	101. (B)	126. (D)	151. (B)	176. (A)
2. (C)	27. (A)	52. (A)	77. (B)	102. (B)	127. (B)	152. (A)	177. (B)
3. (B)	28. (A)	53. (A)	78. (C)	103. (C)	128. (B)	153. (C)	178. (D)
4. (B)	29. (B)	54. (C)	79. (C)	104. (A)	129. (B)	154. (D)	179. (C)
5. (A)	30. (A)	55. (D)	80. (A)	105. (B)	130. (B)	155. (A)	180. (B)
6. (B)	31. (D)	56. (D)	81. (A)	106. (C)	131. (A)	156. (B)	181. (B)
7. (A)	32. (B)	57. (B)	82. (D)	107. (A)	132. (C)	157. (D)	182. (C)
8. (A)	33. (B)	58. (C)	83. (B)	108. (B)	133. (A)	158. (C)	183. (A)
9. (B)	34. (B)	59. (A)	84. (B)	109. (B)	134. (D)	159. (D)	184. (D)
10. (A)	35. (A)	60. (B)	85. (A)	110. (B)	135. (D)	160. (B)	185. (C)
11. (A)	36. (C)	61. (B)	86. (D)	111. (A)	136. (A)	161. (B)	186. (D)
12. (B)	37. (B)	62. (B)	87. (D)	112. (C)	137. (A)	162. (C)	187. (C)
13. (B)	38. (D)	63. (A)	88. (C)	113. (B)	138. (D)	163. (D)	188. (D)
14. (B)	39. (C)	64. (B)	89. (B)	114. (A)	139. (C)	164. (D)	189. (C)
15. (C)	40. (C)	65. (B)	90. (A)	115. (B)	140. (B)	165. (A)	190. (A)
16. (C)	41. (A)	66. (A)	91. (A)	116. (C)	141. (B)	166. (D)	191. (A)
17. (B)	42. (C)	67. (A)	92. (B)	117. (D)	142. (C)	167. (C)	192. (C)
18. (B)	43. (B)	68. (C)	93. (A)	118. (C)	143. (B)	168. (C)	193. (C)
19. (A)	44. (B)	69. (A)	94. (B)	119. (C)	144. (A)	169. (A)	194. (A)
20. (A)	45. (A)	70. (B)	95. (A)	120. (A)	145. (B)	170. (C)	195. (A)
21. (B)	46. (C)	71. (B)	96. (B)	121. (D)	146. (A)	171. (B)	196. (D)
22. (B)	47. (C)	72. (B)	97. (C)	122. (B)	147. (B)	172. (D)	197. (C)
23. (D)	48. (C)	73. (A)	98. (B)	123. (D)	148. (A)	173. (B)	198. (A)
24. (C)	49. (B)	74. (A)	99. (C)	124. (A)	149. (B)	174. (A)	199. (B)
25. (B)	50. (C)	75. (A)	100. (D)	125. (B)	150. (B)	175. (C)	200. (C)

**EXPLANATION**

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| 1. (D) No error   | 9. (B) Replace 'are discussing' with 'discuss'.<br>According to the meaning of sentence, this part of sentence should be in Present Indefinite Tense. |
| 2. (C) Replace 'than' with 'to'. Prefer takes preposition 'to'.   | 10. (A) Replace 'choose' with 'chooses'.<br>Sentence structure should be 'If + one of the + plural noun + singular verb'.                             |
| 3. (B) Replace 'that' with 'than'. The first part of the sentence is in comparative degree.                     | 11. (A) Replace 'afford for buying' with 'afford to buy'.<br>• Afford + to + V <sub>1</sub> (✓)<br>• Afford + for + V + ing (×)                       |
| 4. (B) Add 'more' before important. 'Than' indicates that sentence is in comparative degree.                    | 12. (B) Add 'been' after have. 'Have been involved' is suitable in the sentence.  |
| 5. (A) Replace 'which profits' with 'the profits of which'.   | 13. (B) Replace 'look after' with 'to look at'.<br>• Look at - to analyse and find a solution<br>• Look after - to keep under careful scrutiny.       |
| 6. (B) Replace 'like' with 'as'. 'As easy as' is the correct formation for positive degree.                     |   |
| 7. (A) 'While I was sitting' is the appropriate form.   |   |
| 8. (A) Replace 'if I would be a millionaire' with 'if I were a millionaire'. The sentence is of imaginary past. |   |

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| <p>14. (B) Replace 'began' with 'begun'. The sentence is a Past Perfect Tense. Hence it should be had + V<sub>3</sub>. Begun is the V<sub>3</sub> form of 'begin'.</p> <p>15. (C) Correct place of 'ever' in the sentence is after have. 'You have ever done' is the appropriate formation.</p> <p>16. (C) Replace 'from' with 'of'. 'Cure you of your fever' is the correct form. "Cure (V) + somebody + of + something". Cure (Noun) takes 'for'.</p> <p>17. (B) Replace 'between' with 'during'. During the British rule is correct.</p> <p>18. (B) Replace 'that' with 'as'. 'As well as expect' is the correct formation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 'So — as' is used for setting an example.</li> <li>• 'So — that' is used to tell the strength or capacity.</li> </ul> <p>19. (A) Replace 'many a slips' with 'many a slip'. 'Many a + singular noun' is the correct formation.</p> <p>20. (A) Replace 'In today meeting' with in today's meeting or in the meeting today.</p> <p>21. (B) 'Sedatives' tend the calm or tranquilize nervousness or excitement.</p> <p>22. (B) 'Altercation' means 'Verbal fight'.</p> <p>23. (D) 'Vigil' takes verb 'keep'.</p> <p>24. (C) 'Cut off' is 'to be disconnect'. 'Cut down' is 'to reduce'.</p> <p>97. (C) 'Were invited' is the suitable options. 'Gentry' is a plural noun.</p> | <p>98. (B) Viva voce is the exact term for oral exam.</p> <p>99. (B) Alcohol is uncountable Noun but for quantities 'small' will be used.</p> <p>100. (B) 'Vitiate' means 'to corrupt'. Hence it is the best option as per the sentence.</p> <p>101. (B) "No sooner ... + than" is the correct structure. 'Begin' is followed by gerund.</p> <p>103. (C) The singular form of 'phenomena' is 'phenomenon'.</p> <p>104. (A) Enough (Adverb) is an exceptional adverb. It follows the adjective.</p> <p>105. (B) 'Fast' is both an adjective and an adverb.</p> <p>108. (B) 'Few' takes plural noun.</p> <p>109. (B) 'Would better' is followed by 'bare infinitive' (V<sub>1</sub>).</p> <p>110. (B) 'With a view to' is followed by 'V<sub>1</sub> + ing'.</p> <p>111. (A) 'One-third of the students (Plural noun) is plural hence will take plural verb.</p> <p>112. (C) 'Make' (a causative verb) takes bare infinitive (V<sub>1</sub>) after it.</p> <p>113. (B) For 'cloudy night', we need 'it' as the subject.</p> <p>114. (A) Can't and 'able to' together make the sentence superfluous.</p> <p>115. (B) 'Stop' is followed by gerund.</p> <p>116. (C) 'Would, a modal, is followed by 'V<sub>1</sub>'.</p> <p>117. (D) The sentence is Simple Present. Hence Question Tag will be 'don't it'.</p> |
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## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Word	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Acrimony	anger and bitterness	कड़वाहट
Admirable	deserving great respect and approval	प्रशंसनीय
Approbatory	praise or approval	अनुमोदक
Atrocious	extremely brutal, cruel, or wicked	अति दुष्ट
Audacious	very bold and daring, fearless	साहसी
Banal	boring or ordinary : not interesting	साधारण
Chauffeur	a person hired to drive people around in a car	चालक
Combative	having or showing a willingness to fight or argue	लड़ाकू
Complimentary	expressing praise or admiration for someone or something	प्रशंसात्मक
Concealed	to keep secret	गुप्त
Crèche	a day care center for young children	शिशुगृह

Crescendo	a gradual increase in the loudness of music	संगीत की आवाज में धीरे-धीरे वृद्धि
Deplorable	very bad in a way that causes shock, fear, or disgust	निंदनीय
Dissuade	to persuade or advise not to do something	कुछ न करने के लिए समझाना
Egregious	very bad and easily noticed	बेहद खराब
Embarrassing	causing a feeling of self-conscious confusion and distress	शर्मिला
Exhaustion	the condition of being very tired	बहुत ज्यादा थका हुआ
Expurgate	to change (a written work) by removing parts that might offend people	आपत्ति-जनक बातों को हटाकर संशोधन करना
Felony	a very serious crime	घोर अपराध
Fissiparous	tending to break up into parts : divisive	विभाजित करना
Flabbergasted	to greatly surprise	बहुत आश्चर्य में डालना
Fulmination	to complain loudly or angrily	ऊंचे स्वर में शिकायत करना
Iconoclast	a person who criticizes or opposes beliefs and practices that are widely accepted	रूढ़िगत विचारों का विरोधी
Impostor	a person who deceives others by pretending to be someone else	पाखण्डी
Itinerant	travelling from place to place	यात्रा करनेवाला
Morgue	a place where the bodies of dead people are kept until they are buried or cremated	मुर्दाघर
Nausea	the feeling of being about to vomit	उबकाई
Pejorative	insulting to someone or something : expressing criticism	अपमानजनक
Perpetrate	to do (something that is illegal or wrong)	गैरकानूनी/ अवैध
Plebiscite	a vote by the electorate determining public opinion on a question of national importance	जनमत संग्रह
Procrastinate	to keep putting off something that should be done	विलम्ब करना
Profanity	offensive language	अपमानजनक भाषा
Psephologist	the scientific study of elections	चुनावी विश्लेषक
Pusillanimous	weak and afraid of danger	बुज़दिल
Quarantine	a period of 40 days	40 दिनों का समय
Ruminate	to think carefully and deeply, meditate	चिंतन करना
Sarcastic	showing sarcasm	व्यंग्यात्मक
Sardonic	showing that you disapprove of or do not like someone or something	तिरस्कार करना
Timid	feeling or showing a lack of courage or self-confidence	डरपोक
Trite	not fresh or original	घिसा-पिटा
Usurer	a person who lends money and requires the borrower to pay a high amount of interest	सूदखोरी करना
Venial	not serious	क्षम्य
Virility	manly vigour	मर्दाना उत्साह
Vitiation	to make (something) less effective	कुछ कम प्रभावी बनाने के लिए

**Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777**

**Note : Whatsapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 705360571 for any of the doubts. Join the group and you may also share your suggestions and experience of Sunday Mock Test.**

**Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003**