IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I - 354 (SOLUTION)
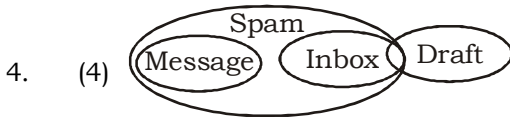
REASONING

1. (4) Evil — good —×— Bad / Shadow

2. (3) Loss, Sins, Crime, Profit ×

3. (3) Institutes —×— Schools —×— Colleges — Universities

4. (4) Spam, Message, Inbox, Draft

5. (4) Omen, News —×— Caution — Catastrophe

(6-10) :

Pantaloons, Woodland, Reebok, Shoppers' Stop, Adidas, Blackberry, UCB
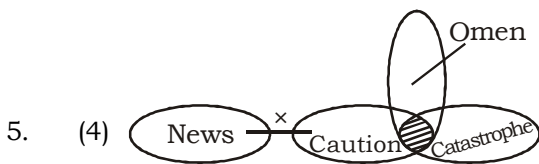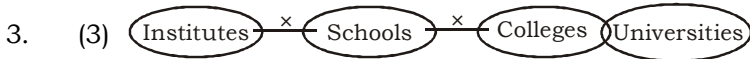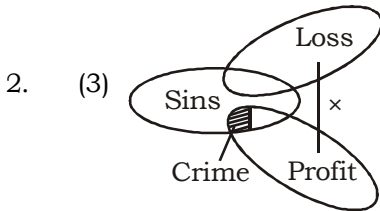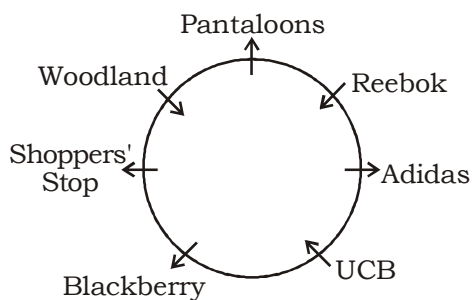
6. (4)   7. (2)   8. (1)   9. (3)   10. (1)

(11–15) :

Note : '+' and '–' shows Male and Female respectively.

Person	Car	Collage
Bravosi ⁻	Woodstrick	Khol Maro
Stark ⁺	Needle	Winterfell
Tyrion ⁺	Humor	Dorne
Tywin ⁺	Hand King	Westeros
Pentos ⁺	Triton	Tarth
Cersei ⁻	Throne	King's Landing
Targyrion ⁻	Dragon	Desert

11. (1)   12. (3)   13. (4)   14. (5)   15. (3)

(16-20) :

```
O   N   M   K   L   P
↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓

↑   ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑   ↑
B   D   A   C   F   E
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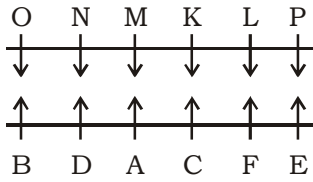
16. (2)   17. (1)   18. (3)   19. (1)   20. (4)

(21-25) :

only –	na
order –	ve
in –	pu
serial –	to
the –	su
state –	li
idea –	Jo
logical –	ri
or theory –	zt bk

21. (4)   22. (2)   23. (5)   24. (3)   25. (1)

(26-30) :

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T        R        S
 ↘      ↑      ↙
 
Y ←            → V

 ↗      ↓      ↖
P        W        Q
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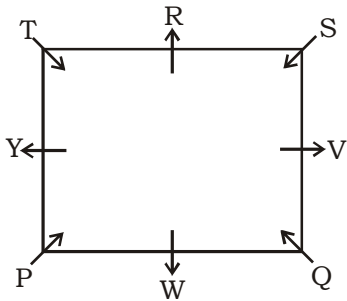
26. (2)   27. (3)   28. (4)   29. (3)   30. (4)

(31-35) :

Persons	City	Cars
Robin Harley Quinn$^-$ Raven$^+$	New York	Mercedes
Deadshot$^-$ Spectre$^+$	Mumbai	Jaguar
Griggs Joker$^+$ Atom$^-$	London	Audi

31. (4)   32. (5)   33. (5)   34. (2)   35. (1)

MATHS

36. (5) $4 + \left(\dfrac{1}{6} + \dfrac{3}{4} - \dfrac{1}{4}\right) = 4 + \left(\dfrac{2 + 9 - 3}{12}\right)$

$= 4 + \left(\dfrac{8}{12}\right) = 4\dfrac{2}{3}$

37. (1) $36251 + 43261 = ? + 52310$

$\therefore$ $? = 79512 - 52310 = 27202$

38. (2) $\dfrac{45}{6} \times 534 + 262 = 61800 - ?$

$4005 + 262 = 61800 - ?$
$? = 61800 - 4267 = 57533$

39. (4) $486 \times \dfrac{72}{100} - 261 \times \dfrac{64}{100}$

$= 349.92 - 167.04 = 182.88$

40. (1) $\dfrac{?}{62} \times 12 = 264$

$\therefore$ $? = \dfrac{264 \times 62}{12} = 1364$

41. (2) Total no. of males who cast their votes from Bihar and Jharkhand together

$= 26500 \times \dfrac{83}{100} \times \dfrac{3}{5} + 9200 \times \dfrac{91}{100} \times \dfrac{1}{2} = 13197 + 4186 = 17383$

$\therefore$ Required % = $\left(\dfrac{17383 - 4900}{4900} \times 100\right)\% = \left(\dfrac{12483}{4900} \times 100\right)\% = 254.75\% \approx 255\%$

42. (3) Required total no. of votes in 2017 $= 9200 \times \dfrac{120}{100} + 26500 \times \dfrac{125}{100}$

$= 11040 + 33125 = 44165$

43. (1) Total no. of females who cast their notes from Haryana and Delhi together

$= 4900 \times \dfrac{79}{100} \times \dfrac{3}{7} + 13500 \times \dfrac{78}{100} \times \dfrac{3}{10} = 1659 + 3159 = 4818$

Total no. of males who cast their votes from Jharkhand and Haryana together

$= 9200 \times \dfrac{91}{100} \times \dfrac{1}{2} + 4900 \times \dfrac{79}{100} \times \dfrac{4}{7} = 4186 + 2212 = 6398$

$\therefore$ Required ratio = 4818 : 6398 = 2409 : 3199

44. (4) Average no. of registered voters from Bihar and Assam together $= \dfrac{26500 + 18500}{2}$

$= \dfrac{45000}{2} = 22500$

Total no. of registered voters from Delhi and Haryana together = 13500 + 4900 = 18400
$\therefore$ Required difference = 22500 - 18400 = 4100

45. (5) Total no. of voters registers from Assam who belongs to Hindu community

$$= 18500 \times \frac{45}{100} = 8325$$

46. (3) The number series is based on the following patterns :

418	208	102	48	20	5

$\div 2 - 1 \quad \div 2 - 2 \quad \div 2 - 3 \quad \div 2 - 4 \quad \div 2 - 5$

47. (1) The number series is based on the following patterns :

180   191   193   203   206   215

$+11 \quad +2 \quad +10 \quad +3 \quad +9$

48. (3) The number series is based on the following patterns :

3   4   9   28   113   566

$\times 1+1 \quad +2+1 \quad \times 3+1 \quad \times 4+1 \quad \times 5+1$

49. (3) The number series is based on the following patterns :

153   155   160   170   187   213

$+2 \quad +5 \quad +10 \quad +17 \quad +26$

$+3 \quad +5 \quad +7 \quad +9$

50. (3) The number series is based on the following patterns :

3   1.5   1.5   3   12   96   1536

$\times 0.5 \quad \times 1 \quad \times 2 \quad \times 4 \quad \times 8 \quad \times 16$

51. (3) (Ram + Shyam) per day work = $\frac{1}{24}+\frac{1}{16}=\frac{5}{48}$

No. of days in which Ram and Shyam together can do the work = $\frac{48}{5}$

Time taken by Mohan = $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{48}{5} = \frac{192}{25}$

Mohan per day work = $\frac{25}{192}$

Work done Ram and Shyam in 6 days = $\frac{6 \times 5}{48} = \frac{5}{8}$

Work done by Mohan = $1 - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$

No of days Mohan worked = $\frac{\frac{3}{8}}{\frac{25}{192}} = \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{192}{25} = 2\frac{22}{25}$ days

52. (5) C. P of suman = $\dfrac{9240}{84} \times 100$ = ₹ 11000

S.P of Raman = $11000 \times \dfrac{122}{100}$ = ₹ 13420

∴ Raman's gain = 13420 – 9240 = ₹ 4180

53. (1) Ram + Shyam = 40 years .... (i)

Mohan + Shyam = 38 years .... (ii)

Ram + Mohan = 42 years .... (iii)

Solving (i) (ii) and (iii), we get

Ram = 22 years, Shyam = 18 years and Mohan = 20 years

54. (4) Let the total voters = 100

No. of voters cast their votes = 80

No. of valid votes = $80 \times \dfrac{90}{100}$ = 72

72 unit → $\dfrac{7776}{75} \times 100$ = 10368

∴ 100 unit → $\dfrac{10368}{72} \times 100$ = 14400

55. (4)

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
A & B \\
\dfrac{8}{13} & \dfrac{5}{7} \\
 & \dfrac{9}{13} \\
\dfrac{2}{91} & \dfrac{1}{13}
\end{array}
$$

Required ratio = 2 : 7

56. (5) Profit of company Q in 2011 = $280 \times \dfrac{120}{100}$ = 336 lakh

Profit of company T in 2011 = $440 \times \dfrac{135}{100}$ = 594 lakh

∴ Required difference = 594 – 336 = 258 lakh

57. (5) Total profit of company P, R and T in the year 2009 = 460 + 140 + 440 = 1040 lakh

Total profit of company Q and S in the year 2010 = 280 + 120 = 400 lakh

∴ Required % = $\left[\dfrac{1040-400}{400} \times 100\right]\% = \left(\dfrac{640}{400} \times 100\right)\%$ = 160%

58. (1) Total profit earned in the year 2009 = 100 + 280 + 420 + 140 + 320 = 1260 Lakh

Total profit earned in the year 2010 = 460 + 380 + 140 + 260 + 440 = 1680 lakh

∴ Required difference = 1680 – 1260 = 420 Lakh

59. (5) Total profit of company R in the year 2009 and 2010 = 420 + 140 = 560 lakh

Total profit of company S in the year 2009 and 2010 = 260 + 140 = 400 lakh

∴ Required ratio = 560 : 400 = 7 : 5

60. (3) Average profit earned by compnay P and Q in the year 2009 = $\dfrac{460+380}{2}$ = $\dfrac{840}{2}$ = 420 lakh

Average profit earned by comapny S and T in the year 2010 = $\dfrac{140+320}{2}$ = $\dfrac{460}{2}$ = 230 lakh

∴ Required difference = 420 – 230 = 190 lakh

61. (1) Side of rhombus = $\dfrac{80\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$ = 80 cm

Let diagonal of rhombus = $3x$ and $4x$
ATQ,

$$\left(\dfrac{3x}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\dfrac{4x}{2}\right)^2 = 6400$$

$25x^2 = 6400 \times 4$

$x^2 = \dfrac{6400 \times 4}{25} = 1024$

$x = 32$ cm

∴ Area of rhombus = $\dfrac{1}{2} \times (3 \times 32) \times (4 \times 32)$ = 6144 cm²

62. (2) Total share of Rahim and karim = ₹ 841000
Let share of Rakim = ₹ x
Share of Karim = ₹ $(84100 - x)$
ATQ,

$$x \times \left(1+\dfrac{5}{100}\right)^3 = \left(84100 - x\right)\left(1+\dfrac{5}{100}\right)^5$$

x = ₹ 44100
Share of karim = 84100 – 44100 = ₹ 40000

63. (2) Iron in 1 kg ore = 1 × $\dfrac{20}{100}$ × $\dfrac{85}{100}$ kg

$\left(\dfrac{100}{20} \times \dfrac{100}{85}\right)$ kg ore = 1 kg iron

$\left(5 \times \dfrac{100}{85} \times 60\right)$ kg ore = 60 kg iron = 352.94 kg ore

64. (1) Total CP = 1.8 × 144 = ₹ 259.2

Total SP = $\left(100 - \dfrac{125}{900}\right)$ × 144 × 2.4 = ₹ 297.6

Gain percentange = $\left[\dfrac{(297.6 - 259.2)}{259.2} \times 100\right]\%$ = $14\dfrac{22}{27}\%$

65. (5) (3 × 10%) of A = (5 × 12%) of B = (6 × 15%) of C
(Let A, B, C are the investments)
0.3 A = 0.6 B = 0.9 C
A : B : C = 6 : 3 : 2

66. (1) I. $x^2 + 12x + 36 = 0$
   $x^2 + 6x + 6x + 36 = 0$
   $x(x + 6) + 6(x + 6) = 0$
   $(x + 6)(x + 6) = 0$
   $x = -6, -6$
   II. $y^2 + 15y + 56 = 0$
   $y^2 + 8y + 7y + 56 = 0$
   $y(y + 8) + 7(y + 8) = 0$
   $(y + 7)(y + 8) = 0$
   $y = -7, -8$
   Clearly, $x > y$

67. (1) I. $x^2 = 35$
   $x = +\sqrt{35}, -\sqrt{35}$
   II. $y^2 + 13y + 42 = 0$
   $y^2 + 7y + 6y + 42 = 0$
   $y(y + 7) + 6(y + 7) = 0$
   $(y + 6)(y + 7) = 0$
   $y = -6, -7$
   Clearly, $x > y$

68. (2) I. $2x^2 - 3x - 35 = 0$
   $2x^2 - 10x + 7x - 35 = 0$
   $2x(x - 5) + 7(x - 5) = 0$
   $(2x + 7)(x - 5) = 0$
   $x = -\dfrac{7}{2}, 5$
   II. $y^2 - 7y + 6 = 0$
   $y^2 - 6y - y + 6 = 0$
   $y(y - 6) - 1(y - 6) = 0$
   $(y - 6)(y - 1) = 0$
   $y = 6, 1$
   Clearly, $x < y$

69. (4) I. $6x^2 - 29x + 35 = 0$
   $6x^2 - 15x - 14x + 35 = 0$
   $3x(2x - 5) - 7(2x - 5) = 0$
   $(3x - 7)(2x - 5) = 0$
   $x = \dfrac{7}{3}, \dfrac{5}{2}$
   II. $2y^2 - 19y + 35 = 0$
   $2y^2 - 14y - 5y + 35 = 0$
   $2y(y - 7) - 5(y - 7) = 0$
   $(2y - 5)(y - 7) = 0$
   $y = \dfrac{5}{2}, 7$
   Clearly, $x \leq y$

70. (2) I. $12x^2 - 47x + 40 = 0$

$12x^2 - 32x - 15x + 40 = 0$

$4x(3x - 8) - 5(3x - 8) = 0$

$(4x - 5)(3x - 8) = 0$

$x = \dfrac{5}{4}, \dfrac{8}{3}$

II. $4y^2 + 3y - 10 = 0$

$4y^2 + 8y - 5y - 10 = 0$

$4y(y + 2) - 5(y + 2) = 0$

$(4y - 5)(y + 2) = 0$

$y = \dfrac{5}{4}, -2$

Clearly, $x \geq y$

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

91. (4) Change 'live' into 'living'.
92. (4) Change it into 'before the commence -ment of olympics games next year.
93. (3) Change 'them' into 'those'.
94. (2) Replace 'in that' by 'by which'.
95. (4) Change 'their' into 'its'.
96. (2) Add 'a' before 'chairman'.
97. (5) No error.
98 (4) Add 'to' after 'reach'.
99. (3) Replace 'about' by 'for'.
100. (1) Add an apostrophe 's' to 'state'.

VOCABULARIES

Words	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Bare-Bone	the most important part of a system that gives it support	आधार
Intensively	in an extremely thorough way	गहनता से
Juggle	to try to deal with two or more important things	हथकंडे अपनाना
Envision	imagine as a future possibility; visualize.	कल्पना करना
Hamper	hinder or impede	रोकना
Presumed	to suppose that something is true	परिकल्पना करना
Rapport	a friendly relationship in which people understand each other very well	सौहार्द–स्थापन, घनिष्ठा
Prescribe	advise and authorize the use of (a medicine or treatment) for someone, especially in writing.	लिखित रूप से सलाह देना

IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I MOCK TEST - 354 (ANSWER KEY)

1.	(4)	26.	(2)	51.	(3)	76.	(4)
2.	(3)	27.	(3)	52.	(5)	77.	(3)
3.	(3)	28.	(4)	53.	(4)	78.	(5)
4.	(4)	29.	(3)	54.	(4)	79.	(3)
5.	(4)	30.	(4)	55.	(4)	80.	(4)
6.	(4)	31.	(5)	56.	(5)	81.	(2)
7.	(2)	32.	(1)	57.	(5)	82.	(4)
8.	(1)	33.	(2)	58.	(1)	83.	(1)
9.	(3)	34.	(4)	59.	(5)	84.	(3)
10.	(1)	35.	(4)	60.	(3)	85.	(5)
11.	(1)	36.	(5)	61.	(1)	86.	(3)
12.	(3)	37.	(1)	62.	(2)	87.	(2)
13.	(4)	38.	(2)	63.	(2)	88.	(5)
14.	(5)	39.	(4)	64.	(1)	89.	(4)
15.	(3)	40.	(1)	65.	(5)	90.	(5)
16.	(2)	41.	(2)	66.	(1)	91.	(4)
17.	(1)	42.	(3)	67.	(1)	92.	(4)
18.	(3)	43.	(1)	68.	(2)	93.	(3)
19.	(1)	44.	(4)	69.	(4)	94.	(2)
20.	(4)	45.	(5)	70.	(2)	95.	(4)
21.	(4)	46.	(3)	71.	(1)	96.	(2)
22.	(2)	47.	(1)	72.	(3)	97.	(5)
23.	(5)	48.	(3)	73.	(2)	98.	(4)
24.	(3)	49.	(3)	74.	(5)	99.	(3)
25.	(1)	50.	(3)	75.	(5)	100.	(1)