

IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I - 369 (SOLUTION)

REASONING

(1-5):

| Friend | Game | Day |
|--------|--------------|-----------|
| I | Table Tennis | Tuesday |
| K | Hockey | Friday |
| M | Cricket | Wednesday |
| H | Lawn Tennis | Wednesday |
| J | Kabaddi | Monday |
| N | Chess | Thursday |
| L | Badminton | Tuesday |

1. (1) 2. (5) 3. (4)
4. (3) 5. (1)

6. (4) **Given statements :**

- $W > D = E \geq J = A$ (i)
 $U = D$ (ii)
 $J \leq R$ (iii)

Combining all statements

$W > U = D = E \geq J = A \leq R$

I. $R \geq E \rightarrow$ False

II. $U > A \rightarrow$ False

Hence, neither conclusion I nor II is true.

7. (1) **Given statements :**

- $V > X \leq H < R = L \geq I$ (i)
 $P \geq Q = V$ (ii)

Combining all statements

$P \geq Q = V > X \leq H < R = L \geq I$

I. $P > X \rightarrow$ True

II. $I \leq Q \rightarrow$ False

Hence, Only conclusion I is true.

8. (5) **Given statement :**

- $S \geq T = U \leq W < Z$ (i)
 $K > L > M = Z$ (ii)

Combining all statements

$S \geq T = U \leq W < Z = M < L < K$

I. $K > T \rightarrow$ True

II. $U < M \rightarrow$ True

Hence, both conclusion I and II are true.

9. (5) **Given statement :**

- $C \geq P = Q \geq T$ (i)
 $R > C$ (ii)
 $S = T$ (iii)

Combining all statements

$R > C \geq P = Q \geq T = S$

I. $R > Q \rightarrow$ True

II. $P \geq S \rightarrow$ True

Hence, both conclusion I and II are true.

10. (2) **Given statements :**

$B \leq N < K = L$ (i)

$M = T \geq N$ (ii)

Combining all statements

$M = T \geq N < K = L$

I. $L \leq M \rightarrow$ False

$B \leq N \leq T = M$

II. $T \geq B \rightarrow$ True

Hence, Only conclusion II is true.

(11-15):

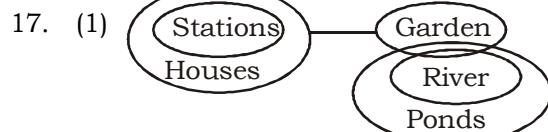
| Compartment | Chair |
|-------------|---------------|
| 6 | Yellow/Violet |
| 5 | Red |
| 4 | Pink |
| 3 | Violet/Yellow |
| 2 | White |
| 1 | Black |

11. (4) 12. (1) 13. (5)
14. (4) 15. (2)

(16-20):



- I. False II. False
III. False IV. True
Only IV follows.



- I. True II. False
III. False IV. False
Only I follows.

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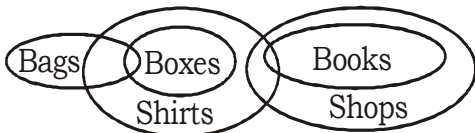
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18. (5)



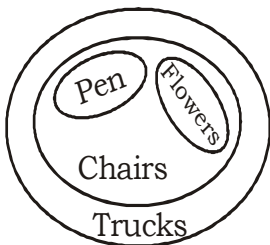
- I. Can't say II. True
III. False IV. Can't say
Either I or IV and II follow.

19. (5)



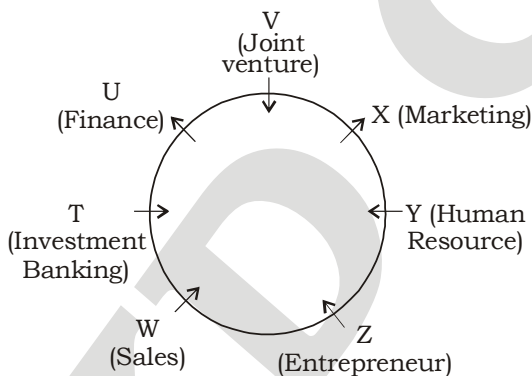
- I. False II. False
III. True IV. False
Only II follows.

20. (1)



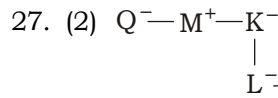
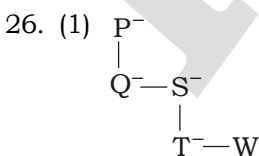
- I. True II. False
III. True IV. False
I and III follow.

(21-25) :

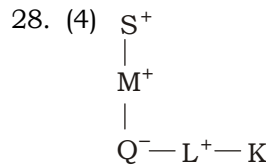


21. (4) 22. (1) 23. (2)
24. (1) 25. (3)

(26-28) :

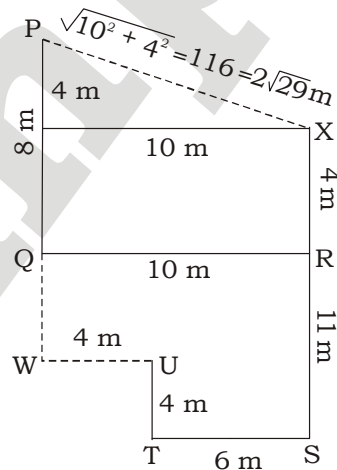


Sister of mother is aunt.



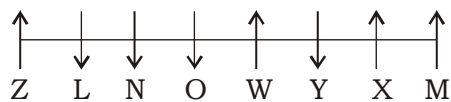
Here, gender of K is not known. Therefore, relation between K and S cannot be established.

(29-30) :



29. (4) 30. (2)

(31-35) :



31. (1) 32. (2) 33. (2)
34. (4) 35. (5)

Maths

36. (1) Given that

$$16 = \frac{P \times 10^2}{100^2}$$

P = Rs. 1600

When compounded half yearly,

$$C.I. = 1600 \left[\left(1 + \frac{5}{100} \right)^4 - 1 \right]$$

= Rs. 344.81

∴ Required difference = 344.81 - 0.2 × 1600
= Rs. 24.81

37. (2) Total number of four digits numbers greater than 5000
 $= 1 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 - 1 = 63$

38. (4) Required probability = $\frac{{}^5C_3}{{}^9C_3} = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3}{9 \times 8 \times 7}$
 $= \frac{5}{42}$

39. (3) Let speed of Romita be x km/hr
 Distance = 42 km
 Time = 6h
 $\Rightarrow (4 + x) = \frac{42}{6}$
 $\Rightarrow 4 + x = 7$
 $\Rightarrow x = 3$ km/hr

40. (1) A \rightarrow \leftarrow B
 P \rightarrow Q
 Let speed of A and B is $2x$ km/h & $3x$ km/h respectively
 According to question,
 $3x \times 3 - 2x \times 2 = 50$
 $x = 10$
 \therefore Required sum = $10(2 + 3) = 50$ km/h

41. (2) Required average = $\frac{1}{5} \times (36 \times 500 + 42 \times 750 + 24 \times 350 + 22 \times 400 + 26 \times 600)$
 $= \frac{1}{5} \times 82,300 = 16,460$

42. (5) Total no. of voters from Bihar and Delhi of age group (20 - 25) years
 $= \frac{24}{100} \times 50000 + \frac{24}{100} \times 35000$
 Total no. of voters from UP and Rajasthan of age group (20 - 25) years
 $= \frac{30}{100} \times 75000 + \frac{28}{100} \times 40000 = 33700$
 \therefore Required percentage
 $= \frac{33700 - 19000}{33700} \times 100 \simeq 44\%$

43. (3) Required answer = $(40 \times 500 + 28 \times 750 + 56 \times 350 + 50 \times 400 + 20 \times 600)$
 $= 92,600$

44. (4) Required ratio = $\frac{42 \times 750 + 22 \times 400}{24 \times 350 + 26 \times 600}$
 $= \frac{40300}{24000} = \frac{403}{240}$

45. (1) Required answer = $\frac{80}{100} \times (50000 + 75000 + 35000 + 40000 + 60000) = 2,08,000$

46. (3) I. $2x^2 + 19x + 45 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 + 10x + 9x + 45 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (x + 5)(2x + 9) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x = -5, -\frac{9}{2}$

II. $2y^2 + 11y + 12 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 + 8y + 3y + 12 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (y + 4)(2y + 3) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow y = -4, -\frac{3}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x < y$

47. (3) I. $3x^2 - 13x + 12 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 3x^2 - 9x + 4x + 12 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (x - 3)(3x - 4) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x = 3, \frac{4}{3}$

II. $2y^2 - 15y + 28 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 8y - 7y + 28 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (y - 4)(2y - 7) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow y = 4, \frac{7}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x < y$

48. (3) I. $x^2 = 16$
 $\Rightarrow x = 4, -4$
 II. $2y^2 - 17y + 36 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 8y - 9y + 36 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (y - 4)(2y - 9) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow y = 4, \frac{9}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x \leq y$

49. (3) I. $6x^2 + 19x + 15 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 6x^2 + 9x + 10x + 15 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (2x + 3)(3x + 5) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow x = -\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{5}{3}$

II. $3y^2 + 11y + 10 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 3y^2 + 6y + 5y + 10 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (y + 2)(3y + 5) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow y = -2, -\frac{5}{3}$
 $\Rightarrow x \geq y$

50. (3) I. $2x^2 - 11x + 15 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6x - 5x + 15 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (x - 3)(2x - 5) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x = 3, \frac{5}{2}$

II. $2y^2 - 11y + 14 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 6y - 7y + 14 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow (y - 2)(2y - 7) = 0$

$\Rightarrow y = 2, \frac{7}{2}$

No relation between x and y

51. (2) The series is :

$63 - 47 = 16$

$47 - 39 = 8$

$39 - 35 = 4$

$35 - 33 = 2$

$33 - 32 = 1$

Hence, there should be 35 in place of 34.

52. (1) The series is :

$5 + 3^3 + 1 = 33$

$33 + 4^3 + 2 = 99$

$99 + 5^3 + 3 = 227$

$227 + 6^3 + 4 = 447$

$447 + 7^3 + 5 = 795$

Hence, there should be 795 in place of 797.

53. (3) The series is +339, +678 (339×2), +1356 (678×2), +2712 (1356×2),

Hence, there should be 5524 in place of 5624.

54. (5) The difference between numbers is $+(4^3 + 4)$, $+(5^3 + 5)$, $+(6^3 + 6)$, $+(7^3 + 7)$, $+(8^3 + 8)$
 1254 in place of 1250

55. (4) $65520 \div 7 = 9360$

$9360 \div 6 = 1560$

$1560 \div 5 = 312$

$312 \div 4 = 78$

$78 \div 3 = 26$

56. (4) Difference between distance travelled by C and F in percentage = $25 - 15 = 10\%$

Distance travelled by car C = $\frac{160}{10} \times 25$

= 400 km

Time taken by car C = $\frac{400}{80} = 5$ hours

Time taken car D = $\frac{5}{20} \times 10 = 2.5$ hours

Distance travelled by car D = $\frac{160}{10} \times 20$
 = 320 km

Speed of car D = $\frac{320}{2.5} = 128$ kmph.

57. (4) Distance travelled by Car D = $\frac{20}{100} \times 1800$
 = 360 km

Total time taken by all the cars

= $\frac{2}{4} \times 100$

= 50 hours (Difference between taken by car F and car E is given)

Time Taken by car D = $\frac{10}{100} \times 50$

= 5 hours

Speed of car D = $\frac{360}{5} = 72$ kmph

Distance travelled by car C = 450 km

Time taken by car C = $\frac{20}{100} \times 50$

= 10 hours

Speed of car E = $\frac{450}{10} = 45$ kmph

Required percentage = $72 - \frac{45}{45} \times 100$
 = 60%

58. (4) Distance travelled by Car A = 320 km

Time taken by car A = $\frac{320}{80} = 4$ hours

Distance travelled by Car C = $\frac{25}{100} \times 1600$

= 400 km

Time taken by car C = $\frac{4}{15} \times 20$

= $\frac{80}{15}$ hours

Speed of car C = $400 / (80/15) = 75$ kmph

59. (4) Distance travelled by car B = $\frac{10}{100} \times 2000$

= 200 km

$$\text{Distance travelled at 60 kmph} = \frac{3}{5} \times 200$$

$$= 120 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Time taken} = \frac{120}{60} = 2 \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{Distance travelled at 40 kmph}$$

$$= 200 - 120 = 80 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{Time taken} = \frac{80}{20} = 4 \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{Total time taken} = 6 \text{ hours.}$$

60. (3) Let the distance travelled by all the cars = x km

$$\text{Distance travelled by car C} = \frac{25}{100} \times x$$

$$= \frac{x}{4}$$

$$\text{Time taken car C} = \frac{20}{100} \times 40 = 8 \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{Speed of car C} = \frac{\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)}{8} = \frac{x}{32}$$

$$\text{Distance travelled by car A} = \frac{20}{100} \times x$$

$$= \frac{x}{5}$$

$$\text{Time taken by car A} = \frac{15}{100} \times 40 = 6 \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{Speed of car A} = \frac{\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)}{6} = \frac{x}{30}$$

Difference between speed of Car A and C

$$= \frac{5x}{30} - \frac{x}{32} = 5$$

$$16x - \frac{15x}{480} = 5$$

$$x = 2400 \text{ km}$$

So, distance travelled by car F

$$= \frac{15}{100} \times 2400 = 360 \text{ km}$$

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 61. (4) | 62. (1) | 63. (4) |
| 64. (3) | 65. (5) | 66. (1) |
| 67. (5) | 68. (5) | 69. (1) |
| 70. (3) | | |

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VOCABULARIES

| Words | Meaning in English | Meaning in Hindi |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Disseminating | Spread or disperse (something, especially information) widely | प्रसार |
| Chiseled | (of wood or stone) shaped or cut with a chisel | तराशा हुआ |
| Taunt | A remark made in order to anger, wound, or provoke someone | उपहास |
| Barb | A sharp projection near the end of an arrow, fishhook, or similar item, angled away from the main point so as to make extraction difficult | कंटिया |
| Sneer | A contemptuous or mocking smile, remark, or tone | उपहास |
| Hasten | Be quick to do something | जल्दी करना |
| Inattentive | Not paying attention to something | असावधान |
| Aggravate | Make (a problem, injury, or offense) worse or more serious | छेड़ना |
| Intensify | Become or make more intense | तेज |
| Extrovert | An outgoing, overtly expressive person | बहिर्मुखी |
| Culminated | Each a climax or point of highest development | समापन हुआ |
| Enormous | Very large in size, quantity, or extent | विशाल |
| Outrun | Run or travel faster or farther than | आगे बढ़ना |
| Optimal | Best or most favorable; optimum | सर्वोत्तम |
| Emphasizing | Give special importance or prominence to (something) in speaking or writing | बल देना |

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IBPS PO SPECIAL PHASE - I - 369 (ANSWER KEY)

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (1) | 26. (1) | 51. (2) | 76. (2) |
| 2. (5) | 27. (2) | 52. (1) | 77. (2) |
| 3. (4) | 28. (4) | 53. (3) | 78. (4) |
| 4. (3) | 29. (4) | 54. (5) | 79. (5) |
| 5. (1) | 30. (2) | 55. (4) | 80. (3) |
| 6. (4) | 31. (1) | 56. (4) | 81. (3) |
| 7. (1) | 32. (2) | 57. (4) | 82. (1) |
| 8. (5) | 33. (2) | 58. (4) | 83. (5) |
| 9. (5) | 34. (4) | 59. (4) | 84. (3) |
| 10. (2) | 35. (5) | 60. (3) | 85. (3) |
| 11. (4) | 36. (1) | 61. (4) | 86. (1) |
| 12. (1) | 37. (2) | 62. (1) | 87. (2) |
| 13. (5) | 38. (4) | 63. (4) | 88. (4) |
| 14. (4) | 39. (3) | 64. (3) | 89. (1) |
| 15. (2) | 40. (1) | 65. (5) | 90. (3) |
| 16. (5) | 41. (2) | 66. (1) | 91. (3) |
| 17. (1) | 42. (5) | 67. (5) | 92. (5) |
| 18. (5) | 43. (3) | 68. (5) | 93. (4) |
| 19. (5) | 44. (4) | 69. (1) | 94. (4) |
| 20. (1) | 45. (1) | 70. (3) | 95. (2) |
| 21. (4) | 46. (3) | 71. (2) | 96. (2) |
| 22. (1) | 47. (3) | 72. (5) | 97. (3) |
| 23. (2) | 48. (3) | 73. (2) | 98. (1) |
| 24. (1) | 49. (3) | 74. (5) | 99. (5) |
| 25. (3) | 50. (3) | 75. (5) | 100. (4) |