## RPF MOCK TEST - 5 (SOLUTION)

51. (B) Let price of mixed tea $=₹ x / \mathrm{kg}$

ATQ,


Now, $\frac{21-x}{x-14}=\frac{3}{4}$
$\Rightarrow 84-4 x=3 x-42$
$\Rightarrow 7 x=126$
$\Rightarrow x=18$
52. (A) Let the amount of water to be added into mixture $=x$
Now, ratio of milk and water initially
$=9: 36=1: 4$
ATQ,
$\frac{9-\frac{x \times 1}{5}+x}{36-\frac{x \times 4}{5}}=\frac{3}{7}$
$\Rightarrow \frac{45+4 x}{180-4 x}=\frac{3}{7}$
$\Rightarrow 315+28 x=540-12 x$
$\Rightarrow x=5.625$
53. (A) Let the side of square field $=$ a unit Distance travelled across diagonal

$$
=\sqrt{2} \text { a unit }
$$

Distance across sides $=2 \mathrm{a}$ unit
$\therefore$ Required percentage

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{2 a-\sqrt{2} a}{2 a} \times 100 \\
& =\frac{a(2-\sqrt{2})}{2 a} \times 100 \\
& =\frac{0.59}{2} \times 100 \\
& =29.5
\end{aligned}
$$

54. (C) Let the side of square $=$ a unit

Radius of incircle $=\frac{\mathrm{a}}{2}$ unit
and, radius of circumcircle $=\frac{\sqrt{2} a}{2}$ unit
$\therefore$ Required ratio $=\frac{\mathrm{a}^{2}}{4}: \frac{2 \mathrm{a}^{2}}{4}=1: 2$
55. (D) Required difference $=6 \times 4=24$ years
56. (B) Let the average expenditure of all $12=x$ ATQ,
$11 \times 40+x+22=12 \times x$
$\Rightarrow 440+x+22=12 x$
$\Rightarrow x=42$
$\therefore$ Total expenditure $=12 \times 42=₹ 504$
57. (C) True discount

$$
=\sqrt{\text { Present worth } \times \text { Banker's discount }}
$$

$\therefore$ True discount $=\sqrt{625 \times 16}=₹ 100$
58. (D) Let required distance $=x \mathrm{~km}$ ATQ,
$\frac{x}{10+2}+\frac{x}{10.2}=5$
$\Rightarrow \frac{2 x+3 x}{24}=5$
$\Rightarrow x=24$
59. (A) ATQ,

Difference between CI and SI for 2 years
$=(927-900)=₹ 27$
SI for one year $=\frac{900}{2}=₹ 450$
SI on $₹ 450$ for one year $=₹ 27$
$\therefore$ Rate $=\frac{270 \times 100}{450}=6 \%$
$\therefore$ Required difference $=\frac{927 \times 6}{100}$

$$
=₹ 55.62
$$

60. (C) Let amount $=100$

First year $=80$
Second year $=80+64$
Third year $=80+64+64+51.2$
$\therefore$ Required minimum number of half year $=4 \times 2=8$
61. (D) $\frac{0.6042}{0.06}=10.07$
62. (B) ATQ,
$\frac{(0.3 \times 0.3+0.02)}{(0.2 \times 0.2+0.03)}=\frac{0.11}{0.07}=\frac{11}{7}$
63. (C) Let the age of person $=x$ years ATQ,
$x=4(x+4)-4(x-4)$
$\Rightarrow x=4 x+16-4 x+16$
$\Rightarrow x=32$

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64. (C) Let numbers are 37a and 37b

ATQ,
$37 \mathrm{a}+37 \mathrm{~b}=518$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}=14$
$\therefore$ Required pairs $=(1,13)(3,11)$ and $(5,9)$
65. (A) LCM of $6,9,15$ and $18=90$
$\therefore$ Number $=90 \mathrm{k}+4$, multiple of 7
Last value of k for $90 \mathrm{k}+4$ is divisible by 7 .
$\therefore$ Required number $=(90 \times 4)+4$

$$
=364
$$

66. (B) Let total profit $=x$

Capital ratio of both $=1350: 950=27$ :
19 Share of first in $30 \%=\frac{3 x}{10} \times \frac{27}{46}$
Share of second in $30 \%=\frac{3 x}{10} \times \frac{19}{46}$
Now, $\frac{81 x}{460}+\frac{7 x}{20}=\frac{57 x}{460}+\frac{7 x}{20}+25$
$\Rightarrow 81 x-57 x=11500$
$\Rightarrow x=479.17$
67. (B) Let total makrs $=x$

ATQ,
$\frac{x \times 27}{100}+56=\frac{x \times 42}{100}-64$
$\Rightarrow \frac{15 x}{100}=120$
$\Rightarrow x=800$
68. (D) Let total number of children $=x$

ATQ,
$x \times \frac{x \times 25}{100}=484$
$\Rightarrow \frac{x^{2}}{4}=484$
$\Rightarrow x=44$
$\therefore$ Required answer $=\frac{44 \times 25}{100}=11$
69. (B) Work done by A, B and C in 2 hours
$=\frac{2}{6}=\frac{1}{3}$
$A$ and $B$ can do the whole work $=6 \times \frac{3}{2}$ $=9$ hours
Now,


C alone can fill the tank $=\frac{18}{1}=18$ hours
70. (B) Let 4 taps together work for $x$ hours. Time taken to fill half tank $=3$ hours. ATQ,
$1 \times 3=x \times 4$
$\Rightarrow x=\frac{3}{4}$
$\therefore$ Total time $=3 \frac{3}{4}$ hours
$=3$ hours 45 min .
71. (D) Let the age of father be $y$ years when he died.
A.T.Q.,
$8 x+96-\mathrm{y}=8 x$
$\Rightarrow y=96$
72. (A) A.T.Q.,

Total cost price ₹ 23400
Total profit = ₹3960
Total profit an a cycles $=(11500-9750$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
+600) \\
=₹ 2350
\end{array}
$$

Total selling price of remaining cycles
$=\frac{1950 \times 3+1619}{3}$
$=₹ 2486.67$
73. (C) A.T.Q.,
$a+b+c=14$
Now,
$(\mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c})^{2}=(14)^{2}$
$\Rightarrow a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}+2(a b+b c+c a)=196$
$\Rightarrow a b+b c+c a=\frac{196-74}{2}$
$\Rightarrow a b+b c+c a=61$
74. (B) Let the total score $=x$

Heighest score $=\frac{4 x}{13}$
Next heighest score $=\left(x-\frac{4 x}{13}\right) \frac{4}{13}$

$$
=\frac{36 x}{169}
$$

A.T.Q.,
$\frac{4}{13} x-\frac{36}{169}=32$
$\Rightarrow \frac{52 x-36 x}{169}=32$
$\Rightarrow 16 x=32 \times 169$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=338$
75. (A) A : B

80 : 60
$\begin{array}{lll}\mathrm{A} & : & \mathrm{C} \\ 80 & : & 55\end{array}$
$\frac{B}{C}=\frac{B}{A} \times \frac{A}{C}=\frac{60}{80} \times \frac{80}{55}=120: 110$
$\therefore$ B can give C, 10 points in a game of 120 .
76. (A) Quantity of petrol taken from first vessel = 1 litre out of 2 litre
Quantity of petrol taken form second vessel = 1.8 litre out of 3 litre
Quantity of petrol taken out form third vessel $=0.8$ litre out of 1 litre.
Total petrol taken out from first, secnond and thired vessels
$=1+1.8+0.8=3.6$ litres
$\therefore$ Required ratio $=3.6:(6-3.6)$

$$
=3.6: 2.4
$$

$$
=3: 2
$$

77. (B) Initial 4 : 5 :

New $6: 5: 4>\times 3$ same
Now,

$$
\begin{array}{ccccc}
8 & : & 10 & : & 12 \\
18 & : & 15 & : & 12
\end{array}
$$

$\therefore$ Required ration $=10: 5=2: 1$
78. $\quad(A)=\frac{3+\sqrt{6}}{5 \sqrt{3}-4 \sqrt{3}-4 \sqrt{2}+5 \sqrt{2}}=\frac{3+\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}$
$=\frac{3+\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})}$
$=\frac{3 \sqrt{3}+\sqrt{18}-3 \sqrt{2}-\sqrt{12}}{1}=\sqrt{3}$
79. (D) Gain in 4 years
$\left[\left(600 \times \frac{25}{4} \times \frac{4}{100}\right)\right]-\left(\frac{6000 \times 5 \times 2}{100}\right)$
$=1500-600=₹ 900$
Gain per year $=\frac{900}{4}=₹ 225$
80. (A) By alligation rule,


Ratio of
cost price $\rightarrow 3: 2$
ATQ,
Let $\mathrm{CP}_{1}=300$ units, $\mathrm{CP}_{2}=200$ units
$\mathrm{SP}_{1}=\frac{300 \times 90}{100}=270$ units
$\mathrm{SP}_{2}=\frac{200 \times 115}{100}=230$ units
Total SP $=270+230=500$ units 1 unit = ₹ 24

100 units $=₹ 24 \times 100=₹ 2400$
Difference in cost price $=$ ₹ 2400
81. (A) Required percentage $=\frac{100000 \times \frac{6}{100}}{80000 \times \frac{20}{100}} \times 100$

$$
=\frac{6000}{16000} \times 100=37.5 \%
$$

82. (B) Required fraction

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{100000 \times \frac{10}{100}+80000 \times \frac{15}{100}}{180000} \\
& =\frac{22000}{180000}=\frac{11}{90}
\end{aligned}
$$

83. (C) $100000 \times \frac{4}{100}=80000 \times \frac{5}{100}=4000$
84. (A)
85. (B) Required percentage

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\frac{16000-10000}{10000} \times 100 \\
& =\frac{6}{10} \times 100=60 \%
\end{aligned}
$$

86. (C) As, Convection is the mode of transference of heat by water. Similarly, Radiation is the mode of transference of heat by the space.
87. (B) As,
$3+4 \Rightarrow 7 \times 3=21$
Similarly, $7+2 \Rightarrow 9 \times 7=\mathbf{6 3}$
88. (D) As,


Similarly,

89. (A) As, 612: $459=4 x: 3 x$ Similarly, 516: 387 = $4 x: 3 x$
90. (C) As,


Similarly,


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91. (C) Except (C), in other sets the sum of digits of number is 16,18 and 20 respectively.
92. (C) Except Eagle, all other are flightless birds.
93. (D) Except Girnar, all others are famous battlefield.
94. (A) Except 109, all others are multiple of 9.
95. (B)

96. (C) $13 \times 6=78$
$18 \div 6=3$
$17 \times 9=151$
$27 \div 9=3$
$16 \times 8=128$
$32 \div 8=4$
97. (A) $58-38 \Rightarrow 20 \times 3=60$
$7-4 \Rightarrow 3 \times 3=9$
$27-14 \Rightarrow 8 \times 3=24$
$16-7 \Rightarrow 9 \times 3=\mathbf{2 7}$
98. (C)
99. (C)

100. (A) When a clock strikes 7 , then intervals $=6$ and, when a clock 10, then intervals $=9$ Required time $=\frac{7}{6} \times 9$

$$
=10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{sec} .
$$

101. (C) Take 'I' and II

| 6 | 4 | 2 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 1 | 3 |  |
| $\therefore \mathbf{1}$ | $\leftrightarrow$ | 4 |  |

102. (D)
103. (B)
104. (C) -1

105. (B) $48=8 \times 6$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 32=4 \times 8 \\
& 6=3 \times 2
\end{aligned}
$$

106. (B)

107. (A)Let the total number of shots $=x$

Then, shots fired by $A=\frac{5}{8} x$
And, shots fired by $B=\frac{3}{8} x$
Killing shots by $A=\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{8} x=\frac{5}{24} x$
Shots missing B $=\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3 x}{8}=\frac{3 x}{16}$
A.T.Q,
$\frac{3 x}{16}=27$
$\Rightarrow x=144$
$\therefore$ Birds killed by A $=\frac{5}{24} \times 144=\mathbf{3 0}$
108. (C)

109. (A) bababb/bababb
110. (D)
111. (A) As,

$$
\begin{gathered}
4+3+5=[4 \times 5][(4+3) 5+5][4 \times 3 \times 5] \\
20 \quad 40
\end{gathered}
$$

and,

$$
\begin{gathered}
8+4+3=[4 \times 3][(8+4) 3+3][8 \times 4 \times 3] \\
24
\end{gathered} 39 \quad 96
$$

Similarly,
$5+4+5=[5 \times 5][(5+4) 5+5][5 \times 4 \times 5]$

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
25 & 50 & 100
\end{array}
$$

112. (A) $(4-16 \div 21) \times 17+6$

After changing the signs,
$(4 \times 16+21) \div 17-6$
$=(64+21) \div 17-6$
$=5-6=-1$
113. (D) $4 \div 8-2=6$

On Interchanging the signs and numbers according to question,
$8-4 \div 2=6$
$\Rightarrow 8-2=6$
$\Rightarrow 6=6$
114. (D)
115. (B)
116. (A) Required order-

C, M, E, C, M, P, E, P, P, C
117. (A)
118. (B)
119. (A) Total number of triangles $=\mathbf{2 1}$
120. (C) $\begin{array}{cccc}\mathrm{B} & \mathrm{A} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{D} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 00,55, & \downarrow 3,59,\end{array}$

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## CHAPTERS <br> * Foreign Words <br> *Phrasal Verbs <br> * Superfluous <br> * Expression <br> *Sentence Improvement

Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003

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