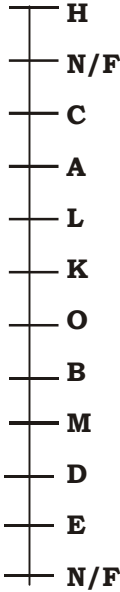


IBPS PO PHASE - I MOCK TEST - 174 (SOLUTION)

(1-5):



1. (4) 2. (5) 3. (1)
4. (5) 5. (3)

(6-10):

\$ → ≥ δ → =
@ → > © → ≤
→ <

6. (2) **Statement :**
H > T < F = E ≤ V
Conclusion :
I. V ≥ F ; true II. E > T ; True
III. H > V ; Can't say IV. T < V ; True
Only I, II and IV are true.

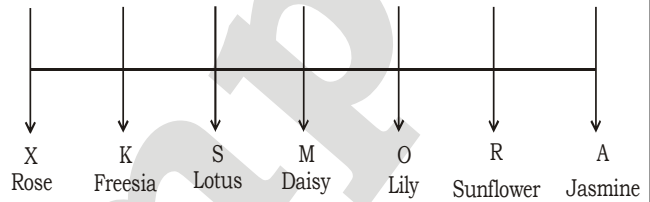
7. (5) **Statement :**
D < R ≤ K > F ≥ J
Conclusion :
I. J < R ; Can't say II. J < K ; True
III. R < F ; Can't say IV. K > D ; True
None is true.

8. (5) **Statement :**
N = B ≥ W < H ≤ M
Conclusion :
I. M > W ; True
II. H > N ; Can't say
III. W = N ; Can't say
IV. W < N ; Can't say
Only either III or IV and I are true

9. (1) **Statements :**
R ≤ D ≥ J < M > K
Conclusions:
I. K < J ; Can't say
II. D > M ; Can't say
III. R < M ; Can't say
IV. D > K ; Can't say
None is true.

10. (4) **Statements :**
M ≥ K > N ≤ R < W
Conclusions:
I. W > K ; Can't say
II. M ≥ R ; Can't say
III. K > W ; Can't say
IV. M > N ; True
Either I or III and IV are true.

(11-15):



11. (4) 12. (3) 13. (1)
14. (5) 15. (2)

(16-21):

Floor	Person	Profession
6	Q	Doctor
5	R/U	Engineer
4	P	Journalist
3	S	Lawyer
2	T	Architect
1	U/R	Teacher

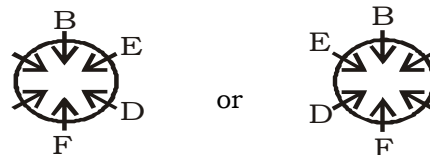
16. (2) 17. (2) 18. (3)
19. (2) 20. (5) 21. (4)
22. (5) 6 7 2 1 9 8 6 4
1 2 4 6 6 7 8 9
Thus, there is no such digit in the given number.

23. (3) **Original:**
E P I S O D E
New arrangement:
F O J R P C F
Now, all new letters are arranged in alphabetical order.
alphabetical order → C F F J O P R
Hence third letter from left is **F**.

24. (2) 25. (1)

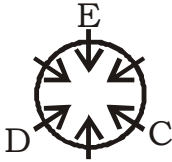
(26-30):

26. (2) From I. Possible diagrams:



Hence I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

From II.



Hence, C is second to the left of E
Hence II alone is sufficient to answer the question.

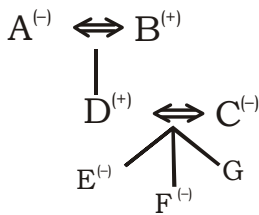
27. (5) **From both I and II.**

$$Z > Y > V = W > X$$

$$(x + p) (x + 5) (x + 5)$$

Hence Z scores the highest runs.

28. (5) From both I and II



Hence, A is grandmother of E

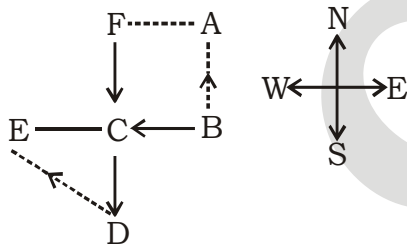
29. (5) From both I and II.

T V S X P _ Q
Q _ P X S V T

Hence X is the middle of the row.

30. (1)

(31-33):

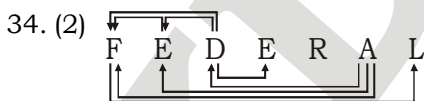


31. (4) $FC \parallel AB$

$$FC = AB = 9 \text{ m}$$

$$FD = FC + CD = 9 + 5 = 14 \text{ m}$$

32. (3) 33. (4)



35. (3)

T	A	L	K
↓	↓	↓	↓
20	1	12	11
+1↓	+1↓	+1↓	+1↓
21	2	13	12

Similarly,

R	A	N	C	H	I
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
18	1	14	3	8	9
+1↓	+1↓	+1↓	+1↓	+1↓	+1↓
19	2	15	4	9	10

Maths

36. **Quantity I.**

Let the number of days taken by Amit be x

$$\text{Time taken by Arnav} = \frac{6x}{5}$$

$$\text{Amit one day work} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\text{Arnav one day work} = \frac{5}{6x}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{5}{6x} = \frac{1}{24}$$

$$6 + \frac{5}{6x} = \frac{1}{24}$$

$$6x = 24 \times 11$$

$$x = 44 \text{ days}$$

$$\text{Quantity I} = 44$$

Quantity II.

Total units of work = 600

Sourav one day work = 30 units

Rohit one day work = 24 units

Sumit one day work = 20 units

Work done by them in 4 days = 74×4

$$= 296 \text{ units}$$

Remaining units of work = $600 - 296$

$$= 304 \text{ units}$$

Units of work done by Rohit with $\frac{3}{4}$

$$\text{efficiency} = 24 \times \frac{3}{4} = 18 \text{ units}$$

Units of work done by Sumit with $\frac{3}{4}$

$$\text{efficiency} = 20 \times \frac{3}{4} = 15 \text{ units}$$

Time required to complete the remaining

$$\text{work} = \frac{304}{33}$$

$$\text{Total time required} = 4 + \frac{304}{33}$$

$$= \frac{436}{33} \text{ days.}$$

37. **Quantity I.**

Let the present age of Soumen be x
Present age of Ankit = $x + 12$

So,

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{10}{x} + 12 + 10 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x + \frac{10}{x} + 22 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x + 30 = 2x + 44$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 14$$

Age of Ankit after 4 years = $14 + 12 + 4$
= 30 years.

Quantity II.

Present age of Ankit = $21 - 5 = 16$ years

Age of Priyanka = $16 \times \frac{5}{4} = 20$ years

Age of Madhu = $20 \times 2 = 40$ years

38. **Quantity I.**

Difference in percentage of votes received
by A and B = $48 - 30 = 18\%$

$$\text{Total number of votes polled} = 720 \times \frac{100}{18}$$

$$= 4000$$

Quantity II.

Total number of votes received by A and

$$B = 630 \times \frac{12}{7} = 1080$$

$$\text{Total number of votes polled} = 1080 \times \frac{100}{90}$$

$$= 1200 \text{ votes.}$$

39. **Quantity I**

Let the actual selling price be Rs. 100

So, Selling price when sold at one-fourth

$$\text{less} = 100 - 100 \times \frac{1}{4} = 75$$

$$\text{Cost price} = 75 \times \frac{100}{100} = \text{Rs } 68.18$$

Selling price when sold at 20% more

$$= 100 \times \frac{120}{100} = \text{Rs. } 120$$

$$\text{Profit} = 120 - 68.18 = \text{Rs. } 51.82$$

$$\text{Profit percentage} = 51.82 \times \frac{100}{68.18}$$

$$= 76\%$$

Quantity II.

Selling price of half of the goods

$$= 14000 \times \frac{120}{100} = \text{Rs. } 16800$$

Cost price of remaining 35% of the

$$\text{remaining goods} = 14000 \times \frac{35}{100}$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 4900$$

$$\text{Selling price of 35\% goods} = 4900 \times \frac{5}{4}$$

$$= \text{Rs } 6125$$

Remaining cost price of the goods

$$= 1400 - 4900 = \text{Rs } 9100$$

Selling price of remaining goods

$$= 9100 \times \frac{110}{100} = \text{Rs. } 10010$$

Total selling price of the goods

$$= 16800 + 6125 + 10010 = \text{Rs } 32935$$

$$\text{Profit} = 32935 - 28000 = 4935$$

$$\text{Profit percentage} = 4935 \times \frac{100}{28000}$$

$$= 17.625\%$$

40. Let the ratio of numbers A and B be $4x$
and $5x$

$$\text{Value of A after increasing} = 4x \times \frac{150}{100}$$

$$= 6x + 5$$

$$\text{Value of B after increasing} = 5x \times \frac{200}{100}$$

$$= 10x + 4$$

So,

$$\Rightarrow 6x + \frac{5}{10x} + 4 = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 18x + 15 = 20x + 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 3.5$$

$$\text{Original Value of A} = 4 \times 3.5 = 14$$

Quantity II

Let the amount of milk be added be x

Milk = 36 liters

Water = 27 liters

$$\Rightarrow \frac{36}{27} + x = 2 : 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 108 = 54 + 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 27 \text{ liters}$$

41. Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$A = 45000 \times [(1.1)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 9450$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$B = 36000 \times [(1.15)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 11610$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$C = 50000 \times [(1.05)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 5125$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$D = 60000 \times [(1.08) \times (1.08) \times (1.08) - 1]$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 15582.72$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$E = 48000 \times [(1.2)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 21120$$

Total compound interest obtained from all

$$\text{the schemes together} = 9450 + 11610 +$$

$$5125 + 15582.72 + 21120 = 62887.72$$

Therefore, required percentage

$$= \frac{9450 + 11610}{62887.72} \times 100 = 33.5\%$$

42. Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$A = 45000 \times [(1.1)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 9450$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$B = 36000 \times [(1.15)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 11610$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$C = 50000 \times [(1.05)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 5125$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$D = 60000 \times [(1.08) \times (1.08) \times (1.08) - 1]$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 15582.72$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$E = 48000 \times [(1.2)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 21120$$

Total compound interest obtained from all

$$\text{the schemes together} = 9450 + 11610 +$$

$$5125 + 15582.72 + 21120 = 62887.72$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme A

$$= 45000 \times 10 \times \frac{4}{100} = \text{Rs. } 18000$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme B

$$= 36000 \times 15 \times \frac{4}{10} = \text{Rs. } 21600$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme C

$$= 50000 \times 5 \times \frac{4}{100} = \text{Rs. } 10000$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme D

$$= 60000 \times 8 \times \frac{6}{100} = \text{Rs. } 28800$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme E

$$= 48000 \times 20 \times \frac{4}{100} = \text{Rs. } 38400$$

Total Simple interest obtained from all

$$\text{the schemes together} = 18000 + 21600 +$$

$$10000 + 28800 + 38400 = 116800$$

∴ Required percentage

$$= \frac{116800 - 62887}{62887} \times 100 = 85.72\%$$

43. **Scheme A :**

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$A = 45000 \times [(1.1)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 9450$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme A

$$= 45000 \times 10 \times \frac{2}{100} = \text{Rs. } 9000$$

$$\therefore \text{Required Percentage} = \frac{9450}{9000} \times 100 =$$

$$105\%$$

Scheme B:

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$B = 36000 \times [(1.15)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 11610$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme B

$$= 36000 \times 15 \times \frac{2}{10} = \text{Rs. } 10800$$

∴ Required Percentage

$$= \frac{11610}{10800} \times 100 = 107.5\%$$

Scheme C:

Compound interest obtained from scheme

$$C = 50000 \times [(1.05)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 5125$$

Simple interest obtained from scheme C

$$= 50000 \times 5 \times \frac{2}{100} = \text{Rs. } 5000$$

∴ Required Percentage

$$= \frac{5125}{5000} \times 100 = 102.5\%$$

Scheme D:

Compound interest obtained from scheme D = $60000 \times [(1.08) \times (1.08) \times (1.08) - 1]$
= Rs. 15582.72

Simple interest obtained from scheme D

$$= 60000 \times 8 \times \frac{3}{100} = \text{Rs. } 14400$$

∴ Required Percentage

$$= \frac{15582}{14400} \times 100 = 108.2\%$$

Scheme E:

Compound interest obtained from scheme E = $48000 \times [(1.2)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 21120$

Simple interest obtained from scheme E

$$= 48000 \times 20 \times \frac{2}{100} = \text{Rs. } 19200$$

∴ Required percentage

$$= \frac{21120}{19200} \times 100 = 110\%$$

44. Total amount deposited on all the schemes together = $45000 + 36000 + 50000 + 60000 + 48000 = \text{Rs. } 239000$

Average amount deposited on each

$$\text{scheme} = \frac{239000}{5} = \text{Rs. } 47800$$

Since, the amount is deposited on compound interest which is compounded half - yearly.

So, time period = 2 years

$$\text{Rate of interest} = \frac{10}{2} = 5\%$$

Compound interest obtained from scheme E = $47800 \times (1.05)^2 = \text{Rs. } 52699.5$

45. Actual compound interest obtained from scheme C and scheme D is :

Compound interest obtained from scheme C = $50000 \times [(1.05)^2 - 1] = \text{Rs. } 5125$

Compound interest obtained from scheme D = $60000 \times [(1.08) \times (1.08) \times (1.08) - 1]$
= Rs. 15582.72

So, total actual compound interest obtained from scheme C and scheme D = $5125 + 15582 = 20707$

After principal amount of scheme C and scheme D is reduced:

Principal amount invested on scheme C = $0.85 \times 50000 = \text{Rs. } 42500$

Principal amount invested on scheme D = $0.9 \times 60000 = \text{Rs. } 54000$

So, total compound interest obtained from scheme C and scheme D after principal amount is reduced = $42500 \times [(1.05)^2 - 1] + 54000 \times [(1.08)^3 - 1]$

$$= 4356.25 + 14024.5 = \text{Rs. } 18380$$

Therefore, required percentage

$$= \frac{20707 - 18380}{20707} \times 100 = 11.2\%$$

46. $217 - 196 = 217 - 14^2 = 21$
 $\Rightarrow 21 + 144 = 21 + 12^2 = 165$
 $\Rightarrow 165 - 100 = 165 - 10^2 = 65$
 $\Rightarrow 65 + 64 = 65 + 8^2 = \mathbf{129}$
47. $162 \div 2 - 1 = 80$
 $\Rightarrow 80 \div 2 - 1 = 39$
 $\Rightarrow 39 \div 2 - 1 = 18.5$
 $\Rightarrow 18.5 \div 2 - 1 = \mathbf{8.25}$

48.

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 17 & 52 & 158 & 477 & \mathbf{1435} & 4310 & & & \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & & & \\ \times 3+1 & \times 3+2 & \times 3+3 & \times 3+4 & \times 3+5 & & & & \end{array}$$

49. $12 + 8 = 20$; $20 - 1 = 19$
 $19 + 7 = 26$; $26 - 1 = 25$
 $25 + 6 = \mathbf{31}$; $31 - 1 = 30$

50. $422 + 613 = 1035$
 $1035 + 1226 = 2261$
 $2261 + 1839 = 4100$
 $4100 + 2452 = 6552$
 $6552 + 3065 = \mathbf{9617}$

51. I. $5x - 19y = 13$
 II. $13x - 17y = 5$
 From first equation,

$$x = \frac{(13+19y)}{5}$$

Substituting this value in 2nd equation,

$$13 \times \frac{(13+19y)}{5} - 17y = 5$$

$$169 + 247y - 85y = 25$$

$$162y = -144,$$

$$y = -\frac{8}{9}$$

$$x = (13 + 19 \times (-8/9))/5$$

$$x = -\frac{7}{9}$$

So, $x > y$

52. $x^2 + 31x - 752 = 0$

$$y^2 - 31y - 816 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -47, 16$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 48, -17$$

No relationship can be established.

53. I. $(p - 2)(p - 3)$

$$p = 3, 2$$

II. $(q - 3)(q - 1)$

$$q = 3, 1$$

Hence, We cannot establish any relationship (For instance $p = 2, q = 3$ then $q > p$ but if $p = 3, q = 1$, then $p > q$).

54. $x^2 - \sqrt{36}x + \sqrt[3]{512} = 0$

Square root of a number is always positive

$$x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 2)(x - 4)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2, 4$$

II. $y^2 - \sqrt[3]{125} + 4 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow y = +4, -1$$

So, $X = Y$ or the relationship cannot be established is correct choice.

55. I. $x^2 - 20x + 75 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 15)(x - 5)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 15, 5$$

II. $y^2 - 35y + 300 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow (y - 20)(y - 15)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 20, 15$$

So, $x \leq y$

56. $\sqrt{10000} + \frac{3.001}{4.987}$ of 1891.992

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{10000} + \frac{3}{5} \times 1892$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 + 1135.2 = 1235.2 \approx 1230$$

57. $47.03 \times 26.96 + 14.98 \times (42870)^{1/3}$

$$47 \times 27 + 15 \times 35$$

$$= 1269 + 525 = 1794$$

$$= 1795 \text{ (Approx)}$$

58. $84.6624 \times 18.9865 \div 11.0124$

$$= 84.6624 \times 18.9865 \times \frac{1}{11.0124}$$

$$= 85 \times 19 \times \frac{1}{11}$$

$$= 146 \text{ (Approx)}$$

59. $30.003 \times 17.998 + 63.010$

$$30 \times 18 + 63$$

$$= 540 + 63$$

$$= 603$$

60. $19.003 \times 22.998 - 280.010$

$$19.003 \times 22.998 - 280.010$$

$$\Rightarrow 19 \times 23 - 280 = 437 - 280 = 157$$

$$= 160 \text{ (approx)}$$

61. Total number of candidate = 980

Number of candidates who did not qualify in bank K = 80% of 980

$$= \frac{80 \times 980}{100} = 784$$

Number of candidates who did not qualify in bank I = 74% of 2200

$$= \frac{74 \times 2200}{100} = 1628$$

$$\therefore \text{Required percentage} = \left(\frac{784}{1628} \times 100 \right) \%$$

$$= 48.15\% \approx 48\%$$

62. Number of candidates who qualified in bank H = 14% of 1500

$$= \frac{14 \times 1500}{100} = 210$$

Number of candidate who did qualified in bank L = 28% of 1200

$$= \frac{28 \times 1200}{100} = 336$$

$$\therefore \text{Required ratio} = \frac{210}{336} = \frac{5}{8} = 5 : 8$$

63. The total number of candidates who appeared for interview in bank H, J and L = 1500 + 3000 + 1200 = 5700

Average number of these candidates

$$= \frac{5700}{3} = 1900$$

64. Difference of number of candidates who qualified for bank I and J together who did not qualified for these banks

$$= (74\% \times 2200 + 83\% \times 3000) - (26\% \times 2200 + 17\% \times 3000)$$

$$= (74\% - 26\%) \times 2200 + (83\% - 17\%) \times 3000 = 48\% \times 2200 + 66\% \times 3000$$

$$= \frac{48 \times 2200}{100} + \frac{66 \times 3000}{100}$$

$$= 1056 + 1980$$

$$= 3036$$

65. Total number of candidates qualifying in the bank K, L and M together
 $= 20\% \times 980 + 28\% \times 1200 + 21\% \times 2500$

$$= \frac{20 \times 980}{100} + \frac{28 \times 1200}{100} + \frac{21 \times 2500}{100}$$

$$= 196 + 336 + 525 = 1057$$

66. Total weight of the boys $= 21 \times 64 = 1344$
 Let the weight of the teacher be x kg
 Therefore;

$$1344 + x = 65 \times 22$$

$$x = 1430 - 1344 = 86 \text{ kgs}$$

67. Let the cost price of laptop be Rs. 100.
 Then, selling price should be 120% of 100

$$= \frac{120 \times 100}{100} = \text{Rs. } 120$$

Now, selling price the laptop should be 10% lower than marked price because of the discount of 10%.

$$\therefore \text{Marked price} = \frac{100 \times \text{SP}}{100 - 10} = \frac{100 \times 120}{90}$$

$$= \frac{400}{90}$$

Required percentage at which article is marked higher than cost price

$$= \frac{\text{MP} - \text{CP}}{\text{CP}} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{\frac{400}{90} - 100}{100} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{(400 - 300)}{3 \times 100} = \frac{100}{3} = 33\frac{1}{3}\%$$

68. Let the total distance be $2D$. Now

$$\frac{D}{150} + \frac{D}{90} = 24$$

$$D = 1350$$

$$\text{Total distance} = 2D = 2700 \text{ km}$$

69. Work completed in 75 days $= 200 \times 75$

$=$ half work $= \frac{w}{2}$ for rest half work to be done on time i.e. in left 25 days, 'x' more men are added.

$$\Rightarrow 200 \times 75 / 1/2 = (200 + x) 25 / 1/2$$

$$\Rightarrow 600 = 200 + x$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 400$$

Hence, 400 more workers are required to complete the work on time.

70. Let the Varsha's monthly income be Rs. x and the common ratio be y

\therefore Amount spent on grocery, clothes and education $= 4y + 2y + 5y$

According to the question,

$$11y = \frac{55x}{100} \quad \dots(i)$$

And,

$$2y = 5540$$

$$y = 2770$$

By putting the value of y in equation (i), we get,

$$\Rightarrow 11 \times 2770 = \frac{55x}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 11 \times 2770 \times \frac{100}{55}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \text{Rs. } 55400$$

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

(86 - 90) :

86. (4) Instead of trump it should be trump's as sentence is in possessive form.

87. (3) Hardly itself is negative so after it no is not required.

88. (1) Word unique is complete in itself, superlative the most is superfluous here.

89. (2) Sentence is in past form, so word survey should be surveyed.

90. (1) Conjunction not only is for recorded growth not for island, the correct format is the island has not only recorded a growth.....

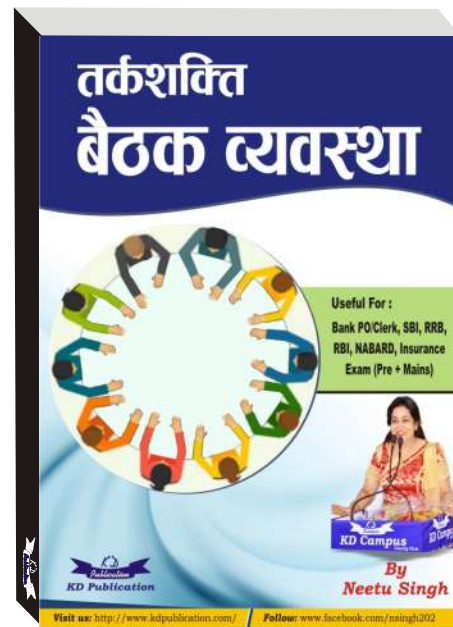
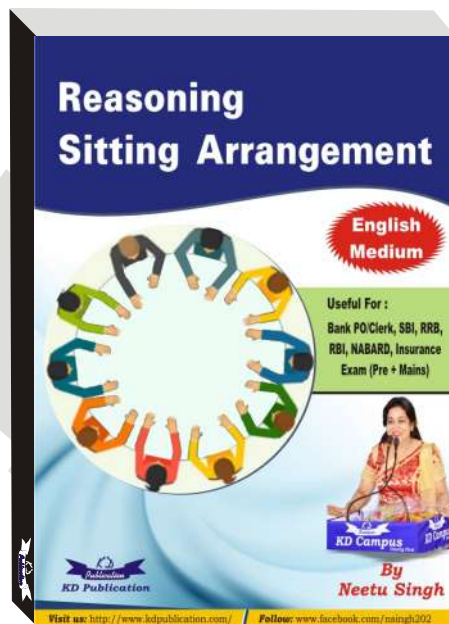
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VOCABULARIES

Word	Meaning in English	Meaning in Hindi
Plummet	a steep and rapid fall or drop	सीसे का भार
Plunge	an act of jumping or diving into water.	डुबकी, तैरने का तालाब
Breach	an act of breaking or failing to observe a law, agreement, or code of conduct.	उल्लंघन
Volatile	(of a substance) easily evaporated at normal temperatures	परिवर्तनशील
Laurels	a tangible symbol signifying approval or distinction	बहादुरी का पुरस्कार
Kudos	praise and honor received for an achievement	यश
Postulate	a thing suggested or assumed as true as the basis for reasoning, discussion, or belief.	मांगना
Ascent	a climb or walk to the summit of a mountain or hill.	आरोहण
Transient	lasting only for a short time; impermanent.	क्षणिक
Screech	a loud, harsh, piercing cry	फटा आवाज
Littoral	of or relating to a coastal or shore region	नदी के किनारे का
Naval	connected with or belonging to or used in a navy	नौसैनिक
Deliberate	done consciously and intentionally	जानबूझकर

For all Bank PO/ Clerk Exams



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IBPS PO PHASE -I MOCK TEST - 174 (ANSWER KEY)

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (4) | 26. (2) | 51. (1) | 76. (4) |
| 2. (5) | 27. (5) | 52. (5) | 77. (3) |
| 3. (1) | 28. (5) | 53. (1) | 78. (4) |
| 4. (5) | 29. (5) | 54. (5) | 79. (5) |
| 5. (3) | 30. (1) | 55. (4) | 80. (3) |
| 6. (2) | 31. (4) | 56. (2) | 81. (3) |
| 7. (5) | 32. (3) | 57. (1) | 82. (2) |
| 8. (5) | 33. (4) | 58. (1) | 83. (3) |
| 9. (1) | 34. (2) | 59. (2) | 84. (4) |
| 10. (4) | 35. (3) | 60. (3) | 85. (1) |
| 11. (4) | 36. (1) | 61. (1) | 86. (4) |
| 12. (3) | 37. (3) | 62. (4) | 87. (3) |
| 13. (1) | 38. (1) | 63. (5) | 88. (1) |
| 14. (5) | 39. (1) | 64. (3) | 89. (2) |
| 15. (2) | 40. (3) | 65. (2) | 90. (1) |
| 16. (2) | 41. (2) | 66. (1) | 91. (4) |
| 17. (2) | 42. (4) | 67. (2) | 92. (4) |
| 18. (3) | 43. (3) | 68. (2) | 93. (4) |
| 19. (2) | 44. (1) | 69. (2) | 94. (5) |
| 20. (5) | 45. (3) | 70. (1) | 95. (3) |
| 21. (4) | 46. (3) | 71. (4) | 96. (4) |
| 22. (5) | 47. (4) | 72. (4) | 97. (2) |
| 23. (3) | 48. (3) | 73. (2) | 98. (3) |
| 24. (2) | 49. (2) | 74. (5) | 99. (4) |
| 25. (1) | 50. (2) | 75. (2) | 100. (4) |

Note:- If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact 9313111777

Note:- Whatapp with Mock Test No. and Question No. at 7053606571 for any of te doubts. Join the group and you may also share your suggestions and experience of sunday Mock Test.

Note:- If your opinion differs regarding any answer, please message the mock test and question number to 8860330003