

**HSSC MOCK TEST - 164 (SOLUTION)**

1. (C) If  $n!$ ,  $3 \times n!$  and  $(n + 1)!$  are in GP,

$$\text{then } \frac{3 \times n!}{n!} = \frac{(n+1)!}{3 \times n!}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 = \frac{(n+1)n!}{3 \times n!}$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 = n + 1 \Rightarrow n = 8$$

2. (C)  $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + \infty)^2$

$$\Rightarrow \left( \frac{1}{1-x} \right)^2 = (1-x)^{-2} \left( \because S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1-r} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + (n+1)x^n + \dots \infty$$

Hence coefficient of  $x^n = (n + 1)$

3. (A)  $(998)^{1/3} \Rightarrow (1000 - 2)^{1/3}$

$$\Rightarrow (1000)^{1/3} \left[ 1 - \frac{2}{1000} \right]^{1/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 \left[ 1 - \frac{2}{1000} \right]^{1/3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{3(500)} + \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{1}{3} - 1 \right) \left( \frac{1}{500} \right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 \left[ 1 - \frac{1}{1500} - \frac{1}{9 \times 250000} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 10 \left[ \frac{2250000 - 1500 - 1}{2250000} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{22484990}{2250000} = 9.99$$

4. (C)  $r_{xy} = \frac{\text{cov}(x,y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$

$$\Rightarrow 0.6 = \frac{16}{4\sigma_y}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_y = \frac{16}{4 \times 0.6} = \frac{20}{3}$$

5. (A)  $n(T \cup C) = 64$ ,  $n(T - C) = 26$ ,  $n(T) = 34$

$$\text{Now, } n(T) = n(T - C) + n(T \cap C)$$

$$\Rightarrow 34 = 26 + n(T \cap C) \Rightarrow n(T \cap C) = 8$$

Again, we have

$$n(T \cup C) = n(T) + n(C) - n(T \cap C)$$

$$\Rightarrow 64 = 34 + n(C) - 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 64 = 26 + n(C) \Rightarrow n(C) = 38$$

$$\text{Now, } n(C) = n(C - T) + n(T \cap C)$$

$$\Rightarrow 38 = n(C - T) + 8 \Rightarrow n(C - T) = 30$$

6. (C)  $5^x + (5)^{-x} = [5^{x/2} - (5)^{-x/2}]^2 + 2 \geq 2$

If  $\sin(e^x) = 5^x + (5)^{-x}$  has solution, we will get  $\sin(e^x) \geq 2$

which is not possible as  $[\sin \theta] \leq 1$  for all  $\theta \in R$ .

Hence, no solution exists.

7. (A)  $0.1\overline{23} = \frac{123-1}{990} = \frac{122}{990} = \frac{61}{495}$

8. (A)  $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$

$$\text{Now, } f\{f(x)\} = f(x^2 - 3x + 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow f\{f(x)\} = (x^2 - 3x + 2)^2 - 3(x^2 - 3x + 2) + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow f\{f(x)\} = x^4 - 6x^3 + 10x^2 - 3x$$

9. (D)

10. (B) Number of diagonal in 'n' sided polygon

$$= {}^n C_2 - n$$

$$= \frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{n(n-3)}{2}$$

11. (A) Two possibilities arise in the given situation

(i) ball transferred is white.

(ii) ball transferred is black.

**Case I**

P (Selecting white ball from Ist bag)

$$= \frac{5}{9}$$

After transferring the selected white ball to the IInd bag

$$P(\text{white ball from IInd bag}) = \frac{8}{17}$$

KD  
**Campus**  
**K D Campus Pvt. Ltd**

PLOT NO. 2 SSI, OPP METRO PILLAR 150, GT KARNAL ROAD, JAHANGIRPURI DELHI: 110033

Probability of both these events happening together =  $\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{8}{17} = \frac{40}{153}$

**Case II**

$P$  (Selecting black ball from Ist bag) =  $\frac{4}{9}$

After transferring the selected black ball to the IInd bag

$P$  (white ball from IInd bag) =  $\frac{7}{17}$

Probability of both these events happening together =  $\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{7}{17} = \frac{28}{153}$

Required probability =  $\frac{40}{153} + \frac{28}{153} = \frac{68}{153}$

12. (A) Word "MOTHER"

The required arrangements =  ${}^5C_3 \times 4!$

$$= \frac{5!}{2!3!} \times 4! = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 24}{2} = 240$$

13. (D) The set of all prime numbers

14. (A)  $7^\circ 30' = \left(7 + \frac{1}{2}\right)^\circ = \left(\frac{15}{2}\right)^\circ$

$$\Rightarrow 7^\circ 30' = \left(\frac{15}{2} \times \frac{\pi}{180}\right)^c = \left(\frac{\pi}{24}\right)^c$$

81. (B) As,  $(1)^3 \times 8 = 8$

Similarly,  $(3)^3 \times 8 = \mathbf{216}$

82. (A) As,  $\frac{14}{14 \times 3 + 14 + 2} \quad \frac{49}{18 \times 2 + 18 + 2}$

Similarly,  $\frac{18}{18 \times 3 + 18 + 2} \quad \frac{63}{18 \times 2 + 18 + 2}$

83. (C) Except **492765831**, all others are written with the help of 8 digits.

84. (D) Except **PHRASE**, in all others vowel A used two times.

85. (B) As,  $54 - 32 = 22$

Similarly,  $48 - 26 = \mathbf{22}$

86. (A) As,  $\frac{-2+0}{2} = -1$

and,  $\frac{-1+1}{2} = 0$

Similarly,  $\frac{10+2}{2} = \mathbf{6}$

87. (B)  $\begin{matrix} 81 & 192 & 375 & 648 & 1029 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ (9)^2 - (0)^2 & (14)^2 - (2)^2 & (20)^2 - (5)^2 & (27)^2 - (9)^2 & (35)^2 - (14)^2 \\ \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ +5 & +2 & +6 & +3 & +7 & +4 & +8 & +5 \end{matrix}$

88. (C)

**HSSC MOCK TEST - 164 (ANSWER KEY)**

- |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |          |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| 1. (C)  | 11. (A) | 21. (A) | 31. (D) | 41. (C) | 51. (C) | 61. (B) | 71. (C) | 81. (B) | 91. (C)  |
| 2. (C)  | 12. (A) | 22. (A) | 32. (D) | 42. (D) | 52. (C) | 62. (C) | 72. (B) | 82. (A) | 92. (D)  |
| 3. (A)  | 13. (D) | 23. (B) | 33. (C) | 43. (C) | 53. (C) | 63. (A) | 73. (A) | 83. (C) | 93. (C)  |
| 4. (C)  | 14. (A) | 24. (B) | 34. (A) | 44. (D) | 54. (C) | 64. (A) | 74. (B) | 84. (D) | 94. (C)  |
| 5. (A)  | 15. (B) | 25. (B) | 35. (C) | 45. (C) | 55. (A) | 65. (B) | 75. (D) | 85. (B) | 95. (B)  |
| 6. (C)  | 16. (C) | 26. (B) | 36. (B) | 46. (C) | 56. (D) | 66. (D) | 76. (C) | 86. (A) | 96. (B)  |
| 7. (A)  | 17. (B) | 27. (A) | 37. (B) | 47. (D) | 57. (B) | 67. (D) | 77. (C) | 87. (B) | 97. (B)  |
| 8. (A)  | 18. (C) | 28. (B) | 38. (D) | 48. (C) | 58. (B) | 68. (B) | 78. (B) | 88. (C) | 98. (D)  |
| 9. (D)  | 19. (B) | 29. (C) | 39. (C) | 49. (C) | 59. (C) | 69. (D) | 79. (A) | 89. (C) | 99. (D)  |
| 10. (B) | 20. (B) | 30. (C) | 40. (B) | 50. (D) | 60. (A) | 70. (C) | 80. (C) | 90. (C) | 100. (A) |