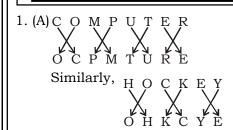


Campus

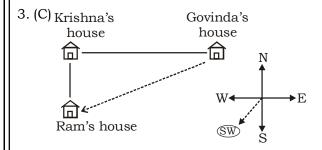
K D Campus Pvt. Ltd

2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009

HARYANA SSC MOCK TEST-6 (SOLUTIONS)



2. (B)
$$\frac{\text{RAIN}}{1}$$
 $\frac{\text{RAINBOW}}{2}$ $\frac{\text{READY}}{3}$ $\frac{\text{REEF}}{4}$



Ram's house in South-West Direction

4 (C)
$$3^2 + 4^2 = 25$$
 and $6^2 + 1^2 = 37$
Similarly, $1^2 + 5^2 = 26$

6 (A) By squaring the number, we get the number of opposite side

7. (C)
$$5$$
: 30 :: 8 : 69

8. (D) Furniture is made by carpenter similarly Soup is made by cook.

11. (C)
$$E B D$$

I F H

O N O not like others

Y V X

12. (C)
$$\frac{\text{Foundation}}{3} \frac{\text{Walls}}{4} \frac{\text{Ceiling}}{5} \frac{\text{Plastering}}{1} \frac{\text{Painting}}{2}$$

13. (B)
$$\stackrel{2}{\overset{}_{\stackrel{}}{\overset{}}}$$
, $\stackrel{10}{\overset{}}$, $\stackrel{30}{\overset{}}$, $\stackrel{68}{\overset{}}$, $\stackrel{120}{\overset{}}$, $\stackrel{222}{\overset{}}$

14. (D)

15. (A) Father of maternal uncle = Nana Nana's only daughter = Mother Mother's son = Savitha's brother

16. (C) Short cut Method:

$$Loss \% = \frac{II}{I + II} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{4}{40} \times 100 = 10\%$$

17. (B) Short cut Method:

$$\frac{342}{18}$$
 and $\frac{47}{18}$

remainder = 0 remainder = 11

18. (C)
$$\therefore$$
 $(a - b) = 1 \Rightarrow (a - b)^3 = (1)^3$
 $\Rightarrow a^3 - b^3 - 3ab (a - b) = 1$
 $\Rightarrow a^3 - b^3 - 3ab \times 1 = 1$
 $\Rightarrow a^3 - b^3 - 3ab = 1$
19. (A) S.P. = 720, loss = 25%

So, C.P =
$$\frac{720 \times 100}{(100 - 25)}$$
 = ₹ 960

For 25% Profit, the S.P. will be 125% of ₹960

$$=960 \times \frac{125}{100} = ₹1200$$

20. (D)
$$3^{25} (1 + 3^1 + 3^2 + 3^3)$$

= $3^{25} \times (40)$
= $3 \times 40 = 120$ which is dividible by 30

21. (B) Short cut Method

$$\frac{\text{(double - 1)}}{\text{(three times - 1)}} \times \text{years}$$
$$= \frac{(2-1)}{(3-1)} \times 20 = \frac{1}{2} \times 20 = 10 \text{ years.}$$

22. (B) Let the quantity of spirit and water be 3x litres and 2x litres.

Then 3x - 2x = 3

$$\Rightarrow x = 3$$

Spirit = (3×3) litres = 9 litres

(D) $x = 7 - 4\sqrt{3}$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{7 - 4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{1}{x} = \frac{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}{(7 + 4\sqrt{3})(7 - 4\sqrt{3})}$$

$$=\frac{7+4\sqrt{3}}{\left(7\right)^{2}-\left(4\sqrt{3}\right)^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{7 + 4\sqrt{3}}{49 - 48} = 7 + 4\sqrt{3}$$

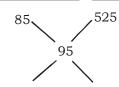
$$\therefore x + \frac{1}{x} = 7 - 4\sqrt{3} + 7 + 4\sqrt{3} = 14$$

24. (B) $\frac{a}{3} = \frac{b}{4} = \frac{c}{7} = k$

$$a = 3k, b = 4k, c = 7k$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3k+4k+7k}{7k} = \frac{14k}{7k} = 2$$

25. (A) REMAINING WORKERS 15 OFFICIALS



525-95: 95-85

Ratio of number of remaining workers to number of officials = 430:10

Number of officials = 15

Number of remaining workers = 43×15

Total number of workers = 660

26. (C) A - Students failed in Hindi = 48% B - Students failed in History = 32%

$$A \cap B = 20\%$$

$$A \cup B = 48 + 32 - 20 = 60\%$$

40% passed in the subjects

[60% failed in either subjects]

40% of total students = 880

Total number of students = $\frac{880}{40} \times 100$ = 2200

27. (B) 2 | 12, 18, 21, 28 3 3, 9, 21, 7

> \therefore L.C.M. = 2 × 2 × 3 × 7 × 3 = 252 The smallest 5-digit number =10000

252 10000 39

756

2440

2268

172

- : Smallest number divisible by 252
- = 10000 + (252 172) = 10080
- ∴ Required number = 10081
- 28. (C) Here 1 man can use only 1 broomstick at a time as number of broomstick = number

So, number of broomsticks does not matter.

$$m_1 d_1 w_2 = m_2 d_2 w_1$$

 $10 \times 10 \times 8 = 8 \times d_2 \times 10$
 $d_1 = 10 \text{ days}$

$$10 \times 10 \times 8 = 8 \times d_{-} \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow d_2 = 10 \text{ days}$$

Short Cut Method: 29. (B)

$$\frac{R}{100+R} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{15}{115} \times 100 = 13 \frac{1}{23} \%$$

30. (A) Let the number of one-rupee, 50-p and 25-p coins be 5x, 9x and 25x respectively.

$$5x + \frac{9x}{2} + \frac{25x}{4} = 1008$$

 $\Rightarrow 20x + 18x + 25x = 4032$

$$63x = 4032$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{4032}{63} \Rightarrow x = 64$$

Number of 50-p coins = $9 \times 64 = 576$



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HARYANA SSC MOCK TEST - 6 (ANSWER KEY)

1. (A) 2. (B) 3. (C) 4. (C) 5. (C) 6. (A) 7. (C) 8. (D) 9. (D) 10. (C) 11. (C) 12. (C) 13. (B) 14. (D) 15. (A) 16. (C) 17. (B) 18. (C) 19. (A) 20. (D)

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

(B)

(B)

(D)

(B)

(A)

- (C) 26. (B) 27. 28. (C) 29. (B) 30. (A) 31. (C) 32. (C) 33. (A) 34. (A) 35. (B) 36. (B) 37. (D) 38. (A) 39. (C) 40. (D) 41. (C) 42. (D) 43. (C) 44. (A) 45. (A) 46. (A) 47. (C) 48. (D) 49. (B) 50. (A)
- 51. (A) 52. (A) 53. (D) 54. (C) 55. (C) 56. (B) 57. (B) 58. (B) 59. (B) 60. (D) 61. (D) 62. (B) 63. (B) 64. (A) 65. (A) 66. (B) 67. (B) 68. (D) 69. (C) 70. (D) 71. (D) 72. (B) 73. (B) 74. (D) 75. (D)
- 76. (D) 77. (A) 78. (B) 79. (B) 80. (B) 81. (D) 82. (C) (C) 83. 84. (D) 85. (D) (B) 86. 87. (B) 88. (A) 89. (A) 90. (D) (C) 91. 92. (B) 93. (B) 94. (B) 95. (C) 96. (A) 97. (A) 98. (C) 99. (A) 100. (D)