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## SSC MOCK TEST - 251 (SOLUTION)

1. (B) As,


Similarly,

2. (C) As,
$4846 \rightarrow(8 \times 4)-(4 \times 6)=8$
Similarly,
$5632 \rightarrow(6 \times 3)-(5 \times 2)=8$
3. (C) Human take Oxygen, while Tree take Carbon dioxide.
4. (D) Except (D), others are antonyms of each other.
5. (D) Except 'Ball', others have two vowels.
6. (B) Except 87, all are prime number.
7. (C) 4. Action $\rightarrow$ 2. Active $\rightarrow 3$. Actual $\rightarrow$ 5. Adapt $\rightarrow$ 1. Adequate
8. (B) NATIONAL
9. (A)

10. (C)

11. (D)
12. (C) As,
$\sqrt{1}+\sqrt{4}=3 \Rightarrow 3^{2}=9$
$\sqrt{16}+\sqrt{25}=9 \Rightarrow 9^{2}=81$
Similarly,

$$
\sqrt{\mathbf{1 6}}+\sqrt{4}=6 \Rightarrow 6^{2}=36
$$

13. (A) From $I^{\text {st }}$ Row,
$64-(8 \times 2)=48$
From II ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Row,
$81-(9 \times 2)=63$
From III ${ }^{\text {rd }}$ Row,
$49-(7 \times 2)=35$

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14. (B)

15. (A)


Hence the distance between starting point and end point is 5 meters.
16. (C)

I. False
II. False
III. False
IV. False
Hence, no conclusion follows.
17. (C) ZXXWX
18. (B) As,
$22 \times 5-9^{2}=110-81=29$
Similarly,

$$
15 \times 12-11^{2}=180-121=\mathbf{5 9}
$$

19. (C) Total odd days between $28^{\text {th }}$ October and 28 November $=3$ day (October) +28 days(November) $31=3$ (odd days)
$\therefore$ Required day $=$ Sunday +3 days $=$ Wednesday
20. (B) From option (A),
$(10-7) \times 2<(10 \times 2)-7$
After changing the sign,
$=(10 \times 7)+2<(10+2) \times 7$
$=72<84$ (True)

## From option (B),

$(10 \times 7)-2<(10-2) \times 7$
After changing the sign,
$=(10+7) \times 2<(10 \times 2)+7$
$=34<27$ (False)

From option (C),
$(10+2) \div 7<(10 \div 7)+2$
After changing the sign,
$=(10 \div 2)-7<(10-7) \div 2$
$=-2<1.5$ (True)

## From option (D),

$(10 \div 2)+7<(10+7) \times 2$
After changing the sign,
$=(10-2) \div 7<(10 \div 7)+2$
$=\frac{8}{7}<\frac{24}{7}$ (True)
Hence option (B) is correct.
21. (D) There are 14 squares in the given question.
22. (C)
23. (A)

24. (C)
25. (B) 55, 78, 20, 68
27. (C) Since Pluto is the farthest to the Sun so it takes about 248 years to complete one revolution. Mercury is nearest so it takes 88 days to complete one revolution. Our Earth revolves once in about 365 days and 6 hours.
28. (D) Radio waves are transmitted through Ionosphere.
29. (D) Tungabhadra Project: It is a joint undertaking of Andhra Pradesh and Karnataka. The project comprises a 2441 metres long and 50 metres high straight gravity masonry dam across the Tungabhadra (a tributary of Krishna river) at Mallapur in Bellary district of Karnataka, two irrigation canals and power houses on both sides of the dam.
30. (B) At present (2009), the Eighth Schedule of the Constitution specifies 22 languages (originally 14 languages). These are 1 . Assamese 2. Bengali 3. Gujarati 4. Hindi 5. Kannada 6. Kashmiri 7. Malayalam 8. Marathi 9. Oriya 10 Punjabi 11. Sanskrit 12. Sindhi 13. Tamil 14. Telugu 15. Urdu 16. Manipuri 17. Nepali 18. Konkani 19. Bodo 20. Maithili 21. Dogri 22. Santhali

Note: Sindhi was added by the 21st Amendment Act of 1967; Konkani, Manipuri and Nepali were added by the 71 st Amendment Act of 1992 and by the 92 nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 2003, four new languages - Bodo, Maithili, Dogri and Santhali - were added to the Eighth Schedule of the Indian constitution.
31. (C) An electric charge always flows from a body at higher potential to a body at a lower potential irrespective of the amounts of charges contained in them. In the question, no current flows. So there is no potential difference.
32. (B) Former Reserve Bank of India Governor C Rangarajan has been conferred with the lifetime achievement award for his contribution to statistics. The award has been given to him on the occasion of Statistics Day, which is celebrated on June 29 every year. C Rangarajan had served as the Chairman of the National Statistical Commission.


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33. (C) Alkaline phosphate is an anti-rust solution. Painting and galvanizing also prevent rusting.
35. (C) Sodium chloride, used as a general cleanser. It is also used as an antiseptic mouthwash.
37. (D) BRICS is a grouping acronym of leading emerging economies: Brazil, Russia, India and China. South Africa was included into the BRIC group in 2010. The acronym was coined by Jim O' Neill in a 2001 paper entitled Building Better Global Economic BRIC's. The BRIC countries met their first official summit on June 16, 2009 in Yekaterinburg, Russia.
38. (D) Abanindranath Tagore founded Bengal School of Art' along with EB Havell. He led the neoart movement, ie to regenerate ancient and medieval artist's supreme mental weapon in modern setting.
40. (C) Former Indian spinner Sunil Joshi has been named Chairman of the National selection panel by the Cricket Advisory Committee (CAC) of BCCI.
43. (C) The Parliament can make laws on any subject of the three lists (including the State List) for the Union Territories. This power of Parliament also extends to Puducherry and Delhi, which have their own local legislatures.
44. (A) The specific gravity of sea water is more than that of river water. So less of sea water is needed to have the same weight as that of the ship. So the ship sinks less.
45. (B) A physical change is a temporary change which is reversible There may be a change in the state but not in the composition of the substance i.e, no new substance is formed. When potassium chlorate is heated, it decomposes to give two entirely different products solid potassium chloride and oxygen gas. Decomposition of potassium chlorate is therefore a chemical change.
47. (A) The chloroplast contains the wonder green pigment chlorophyll which is able to trap solar energy and use it for synthesis of food.
48. (C) Acid rain refers to rainfall with pH less than 5.6. This rain has an adverse effect on flora and fauna on which it falls. Primary causes of acid rain are sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides.
50. (D) Genes: The DNA is the genetic material. The DNA is made of several nucleotides. A nucleotide means, one nitrogenous base one sugar molecule and a phosphate molecule. These nucleotides occur in sequences and several nucleotides form one gene.
51. (D) $3 \frac{4}{5} \div\left(5 \frac{3}{7} \div \frac{2}{7}\right.$ of $\left.1 \frac{1}{4}\right) \times\left[\left(2 \frac{3}{4} \div 4 \frac{2}{5}\right)\right]$ of $\left.1 \frac{3}{5}\right]$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.=\frac{19}{5} \div\left(\frac{38}{7} \div \frac{2}{7} \text { of } \frac{5}{4}\right) \times\left[\left(\frac{11}{4} \div \frac{22}{5}\right)\right] \text { of } \frac{8}{5}\right] \\
& \left.=\frac{19}{5} \div\left(\frac{38}{7} \div \frac{5}{14}\right) \times\left[\left(\frac{11}{4} \times \frac{5}{22}\right)\right] \text { of } \frac{8}{5}\right] \\
& =\frac{19}{5} \div\left(\frac{38}{7} \times \frac{14}{5}\right) \times\left[\left(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{8}{5}\right)\right] \\
& =\frac{19}{5} \div \frac{76}{5} \times 1 \\
& =\frac{19}{5} \times \frac{5}{76}=\frac{1}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$

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52. (B) Let the marks of each questions be $x$ and total number of questions be $y$ ATQ,
$(8 \times x) \times \frac{50}{100}=(x y) \times \frac{40}{100}$
$40 x=4 x y$
$\therefore \mathrm{y}=10$
Number of questions in the test $=10$
53. (A) As much time A travelled 1 km at the same time distance travelled by $\mathrm{B}=1000-(90+70)$ $=1000-160=840 \mathrm{~m}$

As we know that the if time is constant then the ratio of distance is equal to the ratio of speed.
So, ratio of speed of $A$ and $B=(1000: 840)=25: 21$
54. (A) Let the efficiency of B be x works/day

Efficiency of $\mathrm{A}=3 \mathrm{x}$ works $/$ day
Efficiency of A and B together $=(x+3 x)$ works $/$ day $=4 x$ works $/$ day
Efficiency of $C=\left(\frac{4 x}{4}\right)$ works $/$ day $=x$ works $/$ day
Ratio of share of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C in earning $=$ Ratio of efficiency of $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C
$=3 x: x: x=3: 1: 1$
55. (A) Average rainfall of first four days $=0.80$ inch

Sum of rainfall of first four days $=0.80 \times 4=3.20$ inch
Average rainfall of first six days $=1$ inch
Sum of rainfall of first six days $=(1 \times 6)=6$ inch
Sum of rainfall of fifth and sixth days $=(6-3.20)$ inches $=2.8$ inches
Rainfall of sixth day $=2.8 \times \frac{3}{3+4}=1.2$ inches
56. (D) We take, number $=49$

Reverse of number $=94=49 \times 1+45$
Remainder $=45$
57. (B) We know that each face of cube is a square.

Perimeter of square face $=32 \mathrm{~cm}$
Side of cube $=\frac{\text { Perimeter }}{4}=\frac{32 \mathrm{~cm}}{4}=8 \mathrm{~cm}$
Volume of cube $=(\text { side })^{3}=(8 \mathrm{~cm})^{3}=512 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
58. (C) Put $\theta=0^{\circ}$
$x \cos \theta-\sin \theta=1$
$x \cos 0^{\circ}-\sin 0^{\circ}=1$
$\mathrm{x}=1$
Put the value $\theta$ and $x$ in $x^{2}+\left(1+x^{2}\right) \sin \theta$
$(1)^{2}+\left[1+(1)^{2}\right] \sin 0^{\circ}=1+0=1$
59. (D) $3 \sin \theta=2 \cos ^{2} \theta$
$3 \sin \theta=2\left(1-\sin ^{2} \theta\right) \quad\left[\because \cos ^{2} \theta+\sin ^{2} \theta=1\right]$
$2 \sin ^{2} \theta+3 \sin \theta-2=0$
$2 \sin ^{2} \theta+4 \sin \theta-\sin \theta-2=0$
$2 \sin \theta(\sin \theta+2)-1(\sin \theta+2)=0$
$(2 \sin \theta-1)(\sin \theta+2)=0$
$\sin \theta=\frac{1}{2}$ or $-2(-2$ is not possible $)$
$\sin \theta=\frac{1}{2}$
$\sin \theta=\sin 30^{\circ}$
$\therefore \theta=30^{\circ}$
$\tan ^{2} \theta+\sec ^{2} \theta-\operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta=\tan ^{2} 30^{\circ}+\sec ^{2} 30^{\circ}-\operatorname{cosec}^{2} 30^{\circ}$
$=\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{2}+\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^{2}-(2)^{2}=\left(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{4}{3}-4\right)=\frac{-7}{3}$
60. (C)


Let $\mathrm{BD}=\mathrm{x}$ cm
$C D=(6-x) \mathrm{cm}$
We know that from angle bisector theorem,
$\frac{A B}{B D}=\frac{A C}{C D}$
$\frac{5}{x}=\frac{4}{6-x}$
$30-5 x=4 x$
$9 \mathrm{x}=30$
$\mathrm{x}:=\frac{30}{9}=\frac{10}{3}=3 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~cm}$
61. (A)


We know that,
$\angle \mathrm{BOC}=90^{\circ}+\frac{\angle \mathrm{A}}{2}$
$118^{\circ}=90^{\circ}+\frac{\angle \mathrm{A}}{2}$
$28^{\circ}=\frac{\angle \mathrm{A}}{2}$
$\angle A=\left(28^{\circ} \times 2\right)=56^{\circ}$
62. (C) We know that,

Area of $\Delta=$ inradius $\times$ semi-perimeter
$30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}=6 \times \frac{\text { perimeter }}{2}$
$30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}=3 \times$ perimeter
Perimeter $=\frac{30}{3} \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$
63. (B)


Let the height of tower be h m
$\operatorname{In} \triangle \mathrm{ABC}$,
$\tan 60^{\circ}=\frac{A B}{B C}$
$\sqrt{3}=\frac{h}{B C}$
$B C=\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}} m$

In $\triangle A B D$,
$\tan 45^{\circ}=\frac{\mathrm{AB}}{\mathrm{BD}}$
$1=\frac{h}{\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}}+80}$
$\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}}+80=h$
$h-\frac{h}{\sqrt{3}}=80$
$h\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)=80$
$\mathrm{h}=\frac{80 \sqrt{3}}{(\sqrt{3}-1)}=\frac{80 \sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1}$
$=120+40 \sqrt{3}=40(3+\sqrt{3}) \mathrm{m}$
64. (D) Factors of 50 are 1, 2, 5, 10, 25 and 50

Marbles in the $50^{\text {th }}$ box will be kept by $1^{\text {st }}, 2^{\text {nd }}, 5^{\text {th }}, 10^{\text {th }}, 25^{\text {th }}$ and $50^{\text {th }}$ person.
So, the total number of marbles $=(1+2+5+10+25+50)=93$
65. (D) $x^{2}-y^{2}=56$
$(\mathrm{x}+\mathrm{y})(\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y})=56$
$(\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y})=7$
$x+y=8$
Adding equation (I) and (II) we get,
$x+y=8$

| $x-y=7$ |
| :--- |
| $2 x=15$ |

$\mathrm{x}=7.5$
Put the value of $x$ in equation (II),
$\mathrm{y}=8-7.5=0.5$
Now, average of 3 x and 2 y .
$\frac{3 \times 7.5+2 \times 0.5}{5}=\frac{22.5+1}{5}=\frac{23.5}{5}=4.7$
66. (A) Total production of TVS motorcycles during 2010 to $2013=28+30+23+25=106$ thousand

Total production of BMW motorcycles during 2010, 2011 and 2014
$=15+18+20=53$ thousand
Required more percentage $=\frac{106-53}{53} \times 100=100 \%$

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67. (C) Total production of motor cycles in $2012=53+37+35+23+12=160$ thousand Required angle $=\frac{360}{160} \times 12=27^{\circ}$
68. (B) Total production of Bajaj in $2010=45$

Total production of Honda in $2011=45$
Total production of TVS in 2011 and 2013 $=30+25=55$
Total production of Bajaj in $2014=45$
Required Ratio $=(45+45):(55+45)=90: 100=9: 10$
69. (B)

$\angle \mathrm{QBC}=\mathrm{QPB}$ (By alternate segment theorem)
$\angle \mathrm{QPB}=55^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{QBC}=\angle \mathrm{BQR}=180^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{BQR}=180^{\circ}-55^{\circ}=125^{\circ}$
$\angle \mathrm{PQB}=180^{\circ}-125^{\circ}=55^{\circ}$
Then,

$$
\angle \mathrm{PBQ}=180^{\circ}-55^{\circ}-55^{\circ}=70^{\circ}
$$

70. (C) Let the C.P of each articles be ₹ 100 and number of articles sold by shopkeeper be 24 .

Marked price of each articles $=100+40 \%$ of $100=₹ 140$
Number of article sold at $15 \%$ discount $=\frac{1}{3}$ of $24=8$
S.P of each article at $15 \%$ discount $=140-15 \%$ of $140=₹(140-21)=₹ 119$

Number of article sold at $20 \%$ discount $=\frac{1}{4}$ of $24=6$
S.P of each article at $20 \%$ discount $=₹ 140-20 \%$ of $₹ 140=₹(140-28)=₹ 112$

Number of article sold at $25 \%$ discount $=24-14=10$
S.P of article at $25 \%$ discount $=140-25 \%$ of $140=₹ 105$

Total C.P = ₹ $100 \times 24=₹ 2400$
Total S.P = ₹ $119 \times 8+₹ 112 \times 6+₹ 105 \times 10=(952+672+1050)=₹ 2674$
Profit $=$ SP $-\mathrm{CP}=₹ 2674-₹ 2400=₹ 274$
Profit $\%=\left(\frac{274}{2400} \times 100\right) \%=11.4 \%$
71. (D) Let the maximum marks be x .

ATQ,
$30 \%$ of $x+10=40 \%$ of $x$
$\frac{3 x}{10}+10=\frac{4 x}{10}$
$\frac{x}{10}=10$
$\therefore \quad \mathrm{x}=100$
72. (D) Simple interest for 2 years $=₹ 900$

Simple interest for 1 year $=\frac{900}{2}=₹ 450$
Compound interest for 2 years = ₹ 954
Difference between CI and SI for 2 years $=954-900=₹ 54$
Rate of interest $=\frac{54 \times 100}{450 \times 1}=12 \%$ p.a
Principal $=\frac{\mathrm{SI} \times 100}{\mathrm{R} \times \mathrm{T}}=\frac{900 \times 100}{12 \times 2}=₹ 3750$
73. (A) Let $\sqrt{42+\sqrt{42+\sqrt{42+\ldots \ldots . . . \infty}}}=x$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{42+x}=x \\
& 42+x=x^{2} \\
& x^{2}-x-42=0 \\
& x^{2}-7 x+6 x-42=0 \\
& x(x-7)+6(x-7)=0 \\
& (x-7)(x+6)=0 \\
& x=7 \text { or }-6 \\
\therefore \quad & x=7
\end{aligned}
$$

74. (A) $\frac{\mathrm{a}^{2}}{\mathrm{bc}}+\frac{\mathrm{b}^{2}}{\mathrm{ac}}+\frac{\mathrm{c}^{2}}{\mathrm{ab}}$

$$
=\frac{a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}}{a b c}=\frac{3 a b c}{a b c}=3 \quad\left(\because a+b+c=0, \text { then } a^{3}+b^{3}+c^{3}=3 a b c\right)
$$

75. (A)


Ratio between first alloy and second alloy $=3: 10$

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## MEANINGS IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER

Adaptable
Altruistic

Antiseptic

Applause
Ascription

Assessment
Cauterize

Consume
Contemporary
Incredible
Knack
Privilege

Rationale

Succession

Tirade
Victorious
able to adjust to new conditions
showing a disinterested and selfless concern for the well-being of others
relating to substances that prevent the growth of disease-causing microorganisms approval or praise expressed by clapping the attribution of something to a cause; Attribution
the evaluation or estimation of something burn the skin or flesh of (a wound) with a heated instrument or caustic substance, typically to stop bleeding or prevent the wound from becoming infected
eat, drink, or ingest (food or drink) living or occurring at the same time impossible to believe an acquired or natural skill at performing a task a special right, advantage, or immunity granted or available only to a particular person or group
a set of reasons or a logical basis for a course of action or a particular belief the action or process of inheriting a title, office, property, etc.
a long, angry speech of criticism or accusation having won

अनु कू लन के य ग य
पाॅ फका री


वा हवा ही, शै बा शु १
किसे हा ट ना से किसे ची ज़़
रिक्ता जो ड. ना
मू ल य कन
दा गना

उ पश $\mathrm{T}^{\dagger}$ ग करना
समका ली न
अविश्वस्सी य
कौ प्र
विशे षा T धिक्रा र

अ चित य

उ ₹ $T$ रा धिका री

निं दा
विजी

## SSC MOCK TEST - 251 (ANSWER KEY)

| 1. | (B) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. | (C) |
| 3. | (C) |
| 4. | (D) |
| 5. | (D) |
| 6. | (B) |
| 7. | (C) |
| 8. | (B) |
| 9. | (A) |
| 10. | (C) |
| 11. | (D) |
| 12. | (C) |
| 13. | (A) |
| 14. | (B) |
| 15. | (A) |
| 16. | (C) |
| 17. | (C) |
| 18. | (B) |
| 19. | (C) |
| 20. | (B) |
| 21. | (D) |
| 22. | (C) |
| 23. | (A) |
| 24. | (C) |
| 25. | (B) |

26. (A)
27. (C)
28. (D)
29. (D)
30. (B)
31. (C)
32. (B)
33. (C)
34. (D)
35. (C)
36. (C)
37. (D)
38. (D)
39. (C)
40. (C)
41. (C)
42. (D)
43. (B)
44. (A)
45. (A)
46. (A)
47. (D)
48. (B)
49. (C)
50. (D)
51. (C)
52. (A)
53. (C)
54. (B)
55. (D)
56. (D)
57. (A)
58. (C)
59. (B)
60. (B)
61. (C)
62. (D)
63. (D)
64. (A)
65. (A)
66. (A)
67. (B)
68. (C)
69. (D)
70. (B)
71. (B)
72. (B)
73. (D)
74. (A)
75. (A)
76. (C)
77. (D)
78. (D)
79. (C)
80. (B)
81. (A)
82. (C)
83. (D)
84. (A)
85. (C)
86. (B)
87. (B)
88. (B)
89. (A)
90. (D)
91. (C)
92. (B) Many a takes singular noun and is followed by a singular verb.
93. (C) 'at midnight' is a correct phrase.
94. (A) The correct spelling of 'Assesment' is 'Assessment'.
95. (C) The correct spelling of 'Previledge' is 'Privilege'.
