



**K D Campus Pvt. Ltd**

2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, NEAR GTB NAGAR METRO STATION, GATE NO. - 2, DELHI-110009

**Answer-key & Solution**

**SSC JE Mechanical  
MOCK -(71)  
Date 05 / 11/ 2016**

1. A	26. C	51. A	76. A	101. D	126. D	151. D	176. A
2. A	27. D	52. A	77. A	102. D	127. A	152. B	177. C
3. D	28. D	53. B	78. D	103. D	128. D	153. D	178. D
4. C	29. A	54. C	79. A	104. D	129. B	154. C	179. B
5. A	30. D	55. A	80. A	105. C	130. C	155. C	180. A
6. A	31. B	56. A	81. A	106. C	131. C	156. D	181. A
7. D	32. C	57. A	82. B	107. C	132. C	157. A	182. A
8. B	33. A	58. D	83. C	108. A	133. A	158. A	183. D
9. D	34. D	59. A	84. A	109. B	134. B	159. A	184. A
10. C	35. B	60. C	85. D	110. D	135. B	160. C	185. B
11. C	36. C	61. C	86. C	111. C	136. D	161. C	186. B
12. A	37. D	62. A	87. B	112. D	137. A	162. B	187. C
13. D	38. A	63. C	88. B	113. B	138. B	163. A	188. D
14. A	39. D	64. B	89. B	114. C	139. D	164. B	189. C
15. C	40. D	65. A	90. A	115. B	140. C	165. A	190. A
16. C	41. C	66. A	91. B	116. C	141. A	166. C	191. A
17. D	42. A	67. A	92. B	117. A	142. C	167. D	192. B
18. B	43. A	68. A	93. B	118. D	143. A	168. A	193. C
19. D	44. C	69. C	94. D	119. B	144. A	169. A	194. A
20. D	45. B	70. B	95. A	120. A	145. D	170. B	195. B
21. B	46. A	71. B	96. B	121. C	146. C	171. A	196. A
22. B	47. B	72. C	97. A	122. A	147. B	172. B	197. C
23. D	48. A	73. A	98. D	123. D	148. C	173. D	198. A
24. D	49. C	74. C	99. D	124. A	149. A	174. A	199. D
25. C	50. A	75. B	100. A	125. A	150. A	175. B	200. D

**Note :** If your opinion differ regarding any answer, please message the mock test and Question number to 9560620353

**Note :** If you face any problem regarding result or marks scored, please contact : 9313111777

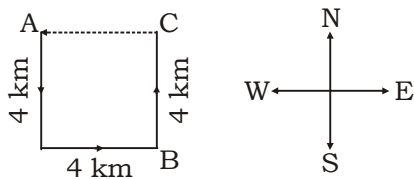


24. (D) In each set, 2nd number  
= (1st number + 9) and  
3rd number = (2nd number + 13)

25. (C) The correct sequence is  
a b b/ a a b/ a b b/ a a b/ a b b/ a

26. (C) The correct sequence is 3, 3<sup>2</sup>, 3<sup>3</sup>, 4, 4<sup>2</sup>, 4<sup>3</sup>, 5, 5<sup>2</sup>, 5<sup>3</sup>  
So, 10 is wrong and it must be replaced by 3<sup>2</sup> i.e., 9.

27. (D) The movement of policeman is shown in the figure below.



For reaching A (starting point) from C, policeman will have to move in the West direction.

28. (D) Let number of keepers be  $x$ .  
Then, total number of feet  
=  $2 \times 50 + 4 \times 45 + 4 \times 8 + 2x$   
=  $2x + 312$

Total number of heads  
=  $50 + 45 + 8 + x = 103 + x$   
 $\therefore (2x + 312) = (103 + x) + 224$   
or  $x = 15$

29. (A) As mentioned, the 7th day of the month is three day earlier than Friday, which is Tuesday. So, the 14th day is also Tuesday and thus the 19th day will be Sunday.

30. (D)  $10 \times 2 \Rightarrow 10 - 2 = 8 \Rightarrow \frac{8}{2} = 4$

$14 \times 4 \Rightarrow 14 - 4 = 10 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{2} = 5$

$24 \times 12 \Rightarrow 24 - 12 = 12 \Rightarrow \frac{12}{2} = 6$

31. (B) Taking Z = 2, Y = 3, ....., N = 14, ....., B = 26, A = 27, we have  
ZIP =  $(Z + I + P) \times 6$   
=  $(2 + 19 + 12) \times 6 = 33 \times 6 = 198$   
So, VIP =  $(V + I + P) \times 6$   
=  $(6 + 19 + 12) \times 6 = 37 \times 6 = 222$

32. (C) Given equation,  
 $15 - 3 + 10 \times 5 \div 5$   
After interchanging the signs,  
 $15 \times 3 - 10 \div 5 + 5 = 15 \times 3 - 2 + 5$   
=  $45 - 2 + 5 = 50 - 2 = 48$

33. (A) T R O K F Z S  
-2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7

34. (D) Each successive term exceeds by 111 over its previous term.

35. (B) 1st letter

A  $\xrightarrow{+6}$  G  $\xrightarrow{+6}$

M  $\xrightarrow{+6}$  S  $\xrightarrow{+6}$  Y

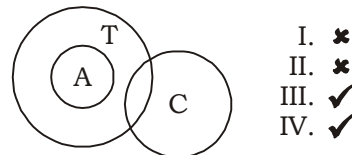
2nd letter

Z  $\xrightarrow{-6}$  T  $\xrightarrow{-6}$

N  $\xrightarrow{-6}$  H  $\xrightarrow{-6}$  B

36. (C)

37. (D) III and IV follows



38. (A) Clearly, sum of numbers in each row is 17.

So, missing numbers  
=  $17 - (4 + 7) = 6$

39. (D) As,  $\begin{matrix} 9 & 16 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ (3)^2 & (4)^2 \\ 4 & 36 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ (2)^2 & (6)^2 \end{matrix}$

Similarly,  $\begin{matrix} \boxed{9} & \boxed{25} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow \\ (3)^2 & (5)^2 \end{matrix}$

40. (D) In right side the number is increasing by 1.

$2 + 1 = 3, 3 + 1 = 4$  and  $4 + 1 = 5$

In left side, the number is decreasing by 2.

$11 - 2 = 9, 9 - 2 = 7, 7 - 2 = 5$

41. (C) Answer figure (C) will complete the pattern of question figure.

42. (A)

43. (A)

44. (C)  $3 + 1 + 4 + 2 = 10 \Rightarrow 10^2 = 100$

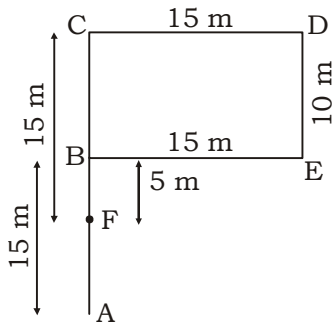
$5 + 2 + 3 + 5 = 15 \Rightarrow 15^2 = 225$

$6 + 4 + 5 + 7 = 22 \Rightarrow 22^2 = 484$

45. (B)

46. (A)

47. (B) The number which is seen in both dice will be your answer. Here, the digit 4 is that number as it is a standard dice. So, 4 will be opposite of 3.
48. (A) Let the age of the elder son be  $x$  yrs.  
Then, age of younger son =  $(x - 15)$  yrs;  
Age of the father =  $2x$  yrs  
So,  $2x + 10 = 3(x - 15 + 10)$   
 $\Leftrightarrow 2x + 10 = 3x - 15$   
 $\Leftrightarrow x = 25$   
 $\therefore$  Father's age =  $2x = 50$  yrs
49. (C) Let the fixed point from where Jatin starts his journey be A. Also, his walking directions are as follows.



$$\therefore AF = AB - FB$$

$$= 15 - 5 = 10 \text{ meters}$$

So, Jatin is 10 meters away from the starting point.

50. (A) S  $\rightarrow$  00, 12, 24, 33, 41  
O  $\rightarrow$  04, 13, 21, 30, 42  
R  $\rightarrow$  57, 69, 78, 85, 96  
T  $\rightarrow$  55, 66, 79, 88, 97  
 $\therefore$  SORT  $\rightarrow$  **24, 21, 96, 88**
51. (A) As per the Trade Unions (Amendment) Act, 2001, no trade union of workmen shall be registered unless at least 10% or 100, whichever is less, subject to a minimum of 7 workmen engaged or employed in the establishment or industry with which it is connected are the members of such trade union on the date of making of application for registration. It also states that a registered trade union of workmen shall at all times continue to have not less than 10% or 100 of the workmen, whichever is less, subject to a minimum of 7 persons engaged or employed in the establishment or industry with which it is connected, as its members. So the minimum member required to start a trade union is 7, the only condition is they must have same problem in common.
52. (A) Under article 352 of Constitution, the President can declare such an emergency (caused by war, external aggression or armed rebellion) only on the basis of a written request by the Council of Ministers headed by the Prime Minister. Such a proclamation must be approved by the Parliament within a month.
53. (B) Shivasamudram holds the distinction of being the site of India's first hydro-electric power station which was built in 1902. It was set up mainly to supply power to the Kolar goldmines 147 km away, making the 78 KV transmission line which was the longest in the world at the time. Infact, when the Mettur dam in Tamil Nadu was being constructed in the 1930's, the power was supplied from Shivasamudram.
54. (C) Food production or agriculture is a primary activity of economy making direct use of natural resources. This includes agriculture, forestry, fishing, mining and extraction of oil & gas. This is contrasted with the secondary sector, producing manufactured and other processed goods and also the tertiary sector, producing services. Infrastructure is basic physical and organizational structures needed for the operation of a society or enterprise or the services and facilities necessary for an economy to function. The term typically refers to the technical structures that support a society, such as roads, bridges, water supply, sewers, electrical grids and telecommunications.
55. (A) Per capita Gross National Product (GNP) is the best index of development. It can be derived by dividing the GNP of a country with its population. Higher the level of per capita income, higher is the economic development. The World Bank, in its world development report 1998, classified the countries in the world on the basis of per capita GNP.
56. (A) In theory, 2 satellites in diametrically opposite geo-synchronous orbits could cover the planet. In order for the satellites to communicate, a minimum of 3 would be needed, each at a 60 degree angle to the others. At this point, the strength and quality of coverage increases proportionally to the number of satellites.
57. (A) There are six protons in Carbon-12. This 12 refers to the number of protons plus the number of neutrons. There are 6

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| <p>of each in carbon-12. The number of protons in the nucleus of an atom determines an element's atomic number. The mass number of an element is the total of number of neutrons and number of protons.</p> <p>59. (A) The human heart has four chambers, two superior atria and two inferior ventricles. The atria are the receiving chambers and the ventricles are the discharging chambers.</p> <p>61. (C) Headquarters of World Health Organisation are situated at Geneva. Regional offices: Alexandria, Brazzaville, Copenhagen, Manila, New Delhi and Washington.</p> <p>62. (A) Jeev Milkha Singh is a golf player.</p> <p>65. (A) Remote sensing is the acquisition of information about an object or phenomenon without making physical contact with the object. In modern usage, the term generally refers to the use of aerial sensor technologies to detect and classify objects on Earth by means propagated signals (e.g. electromagnetic radiation emitted from aircraft or satellites).</p> <p>67. (A) Pulicat Lake: It is the second largest brackish water lake or lagoon in India which straddles the border of Andhra Pradesh and Tamil Nadu states on the Coromandal Coast in South India.<br/>Chilka Lake: It is a brackish water lagoon, spread over the Puri, Khurda and Ganjam districts of Odisha.<br/>Wular Lake: India's largest fresh water lake and one of the largest in Asia, located in Bandipora district in Jammu and Kashmir. Sambhar Lake: India's largest inland salt lake in south west of Jaipur and north east of Ajmer along National Highway-8 in Rajasthan.</p> <p>69. (C) The notices of cut motions can be tabled after the presentation of Railway/General Budget. The Speaker shall decide whether a cut motion is or is not admissible and may disallow any cut motion when it is in his opinion. It is an abuse of the right of moving cut motions or is calculated to obstruct and prejudicially it affect the procedure of the House or it is in contravention of these rules.</p> <p>70. (B) Abdul Gaffar Khan is known as Frontier Gandhi. Dadabhai Naoroji is referred to as</p> | <p>the Grand Old Man of India.<br/>Madan Mohan Malaviya is called Mahamana. Vallabhbhai Patel is known as Strong Man of India.</p> <p>71. (B) Simon Commission was primarily boycotted because it had no Indian members. The commission was a group of seven British Members of Parliament that had been dispatched to India in 1927 to study constitutional reform in India.</p> <p>74. (C) Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) was first reported in 1981 in San Francisco and New York. However, it was in 1983-84 that the causative virus was isolated from patients of AIDS and was named HIV in 1986.</p> <p>76. (A) The main constituent of alcohol is Ethanol and the concentration of ethanol in a sample can be determined by back titration with acidified potassium dichromate. Reaching the sample with an excess of potassium dichromate, all ethanol is oxidized to acetic acid. One major application for this reaction is in old police breathalyzer tests. When alcohol vapour makes contact with the yellow dichromate-coated crystals, the colour changes from yellow to green. The degree of the colour change is directly related to the level of alcohol in the suspect's breath.</p> <p>78. (D) This phenomenon is because of refraction of light. The lines of sight intersect at a higher position than where the actual rays originated. This causes the water to appear shallower than it really is.</p> <p>79. (A) Consumer sovereignty means that buyers ultimately determine which goods and services remain in production. In unrestricted markets, those with income or wealth are able to use their purchasing power to motivate producers. So, ultimately it means how the consumers want to spend their incomes.</p> <p>80. (A) According to the latest figures released by Government - Goa leads the country with per capita income of ₹ 1,92,652/-, while Bihar has the lowest with a per capita income of only ₹ 24,681/-. An average Goa people earns 6 times more than an average Bihari.</p> <p>81. (A) A black body is an idealized physical body that absorbs all incident</p> |
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electromagnetic radiation, regardless of frequency or angle of incidence. Another property is roughness. Sand is rough and black and so it is a good absorber.

82. (B) Synthetic detergents are made from sodium salt of benzenesulphonic acid.
83. (C) The body needs access to iron to produce red blood cells. A lack of iron can lead to anaemia. Vitamin A has an essential role in vision (especially night vision), normal bone growth, reproduction and the health of skin and mucous membranes. It also acts as an antioxidant, protecting the body from harmful free radicals which may help to reduce the risk of certain forms of cancer. Vitamin C is needed for normal growth and development, growth and repair of tissues within the body, formation of collagen, cartilage, bones and teeth and wound healing. A deficiency can result in scurvy. This causes muscle weakness, joint pain and problems with wound healing. It can also lead to loose teeth, bleeding and swollen gums, easily bruised skin and fatigue and sometimes depression. Having too little calcium in the diet increases risk of a hormone condition that can cause bone fractures and kidney stones. Primary hyperparathyroidism (PHPT) affects around one in 800 people during their lifetime and is most common in the post-menopausal women.
84. (A) The epicenter is the point on the Earth's surface that is directly above the hypocenter or the focus, the point where an earthquake or underground explosion originates. In the case of earthquakes, the epicenter is directly above the point where the fault begins to rupture and in most cases, it is the area of greatest damage. However, in larger events, the length of the fault rupture is much longer and damage can be spread across the rupture zone.
85. (D) In concept social justice is very well articulated in the Constitution of India (1950). The Preamble of our Constitution uses the term 'social justice - social, economic and political, the equality of status and opportunity is provided by the Constitution makers for futuristic development of the country.
86. (C) It was written by Mohammad Iqbal and published on August 16, 1904 in the weekly journal *Ittehad*. It became an anthem of opposition to the British rule in India.
87. (B) The Constitution declares India to be a sovereign, socialist, secular democratic republic, assuring its citizens of justice, equality and liberty and endeavours to promote fraternity among them. The words "socialist" and "secular" were added to the definition in 1976 by the 42<sup>nd</sup> constitutional amendment. The word 'secular', though, was specifically added in the Preamble in the year 1976, yet the original spirit of the Constitution was completely secular in nature. Its insertion into the Preamble has ensured that secularism has now become a source from which the constitutional provisions on secularism draw their authority and it has now become the central object which the Constitution seeks to establish. It is also one of the basic structures of our Constitution and no compromise can be made on this by any government.
88. (B) In the 16<sup>th</sup> century, a major road running across the Gangetic plain was built by Pashtun emperor Sher Shah Suri, who then ruled much of northern India. His intention was to link together the remote provinces of his vast empire for administrative and military reasons. The *Sadak-e-Azam* (great road) as it was then known is universally recognized as having been the precursor of the Grand Trunk Road. The road was initially built by Sher Shah to connect Agra, his capital, with Sasaram, his hometown. It was soon extended westward to Multan and eastward to Sonargaon in Bengal (now in Bangladesh).
89. (B) Energy enters an ecosystem by being used to convert low-energy carbon dioxide into high-energy carbohydrate, then passes through one or more of the organisms of the community and is then lost to the ecosystem. Eventually, all of the energy that enters the ecosystem is lost in the form of heat.
90. (A) Dr. Ambedkar attended all the three Round Table Conferences in London and each time, forcefully projected his views in the interest of the 'untouchable'. He exhorted the downtrodden sections to

raise their living standards and to acquire as much political power as possible. He was of the view that there was no future for untouchables in the Hindu religion and they should change their religion if it is needed. In 1935, he publicly proclaimed, "I was born a Hindu because I had no control over this but I shall not die a Hindu".

91. (B) Kosi is known as the "Sorrow of Bihar", as it has caused widespread human suffering in the past due to flooding and very frequent changes in course, when it flows from Nepal to Bihar. Over the last 250 years, the Kosi River has shifted its course over 120 km from east to west. Its unstable nature has been attributed to the heavy silt it carries during the monsoon season and flooding in India has extreme effects.
92. (B) Full employment refers to a situation in which every able bodied person who is willing to work at the prevailing rate of wages is employed. It implies absence of involuntary unemployment which occurs when those who are willing to work at the going wage rate do not get work.
93. (B) Electric fuse wire is an alloy made of tin (63%) & lead (37%). The cross sectional area determines the melting point at a certain current. Alloys (e.g. tin/lead) are used due to their 'eutectic' action i.e. the resulting combination of good conductivity (due to the tin) with a low melting point due to the lead.
94. (D) The most basic kind of soap is made from caustic soda and animal fat. The two are heated together and then cooled. The process is called "saponification". In technical terms, saponification involves base (usually caustic soda NaOH) hydrolysis of triglycerides, which are esters of fatty acids, to form the sodium salt of a carboxylate.
95. (A) The viruses are adaptable and versatile with many variations worldwide and they reproduce within the cells of the immune system of infected people. Therefore virus collections are indispensable instruments in the development of a vaccine. Versatility is distinctive abilities and skills in productively managing a variety of situations. Adaptability is the amount of

flexibility and versatility an individual has developed to respond to changing interpersonal situations and environmental requirements.

104. (d) charle's law states that the volume of an ideal gas at constant pressure is directly proportional to the absolute temperature.
116. (c) For both ends fixed long column crippling load is given by

$$P_c = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(L_{eff})^2}$$

$L_{eff}$  for long column fixed at both and  $= \frac{l}{2}$

So, 
$$P_c = \frac{4\pi^2 EI}{l}$$

137. (A) given -  $p = 44 \text{ kW}$   $N = 700 \text{ rps}$   
 $p = 2\pi NT$

$$T = \frac{p}{2\pi N} = \frac{44000}{2 \times 3.1 \times 700}$$

$T = 10$

144. (A) A Piezometer is designed to measure static pressure, and thus differs from a pitot tube by not being painted into the fluid flow.

145. (D)

Given

$Q_s = 1000 \text{ kJ}$        $W = 600 \text{ kJ}$

In heat engine,  $Q_s - Q_R = W$

$Q_R = Q_s - W = 1000 - 600$

$Q_R = 400 \text{ kJ}$

$$\eta = \frac{\text{work done}}{\text{heat supplied}} = \frac{W}{Q_s} = \frac{600}{1000} = 0.6$$

$\eta = 60\%$

$Q_R = 400 \text{ kJ}$        $\eta = 60\%$

148. (C) The rate of change of bending moment w.r.t  $x$  is equal to the shear force

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} M = V$$

Hence, when bending moment is maximum or minimum, we get zero shear force.

149. (A) Dynamic Viscosity,

$$(\mu) = \frac{N-s}{m^2}$$

Kinematic Viscosity

$$(\nu) = \frac{N-s}{m^2} \times \frac{1}{\rho}$$

Where,  $\rho$  = Density

150. (A) Universal joint is an example of lower pair because it connects two propeller shaft by surface contact.

152. (B)  $Re = \frac{\rho u d}{\mu} = \frac{u d}{\nu}$

$$u = \frac{Re \times \nu}{d}$$

$$\frac{232. \times 0.0101 \times 10^{-4}}{0.20} = \frac{0.0023432}{0.20}$$

$$u = 0.011716 \text{ m/s}$$

$$u = 1.171 \text{ cm/s}$$

154. (C) The draft given on the pattern reduces the tendency to tear away the edges of the mould because due to a small tapering to the side of the pattern it is easy to lifted up the patten.

160. (C)  $F_r = P \cos 30^\circ$

$$F_r = m.a$$

$$ma = P \cos 30^\circ$$

$$5 \times 2 = P \cos 30^\circ$$

$$P = \frac{10}{\cos 30^\circ}$$

167. (D) In automotive usage, scavenging is the process of pushing exhausted gas charge out of the cylinder and drawing in a fresh draught of air or fuel/air mixture for the next cycle.

170. (B) Machine part designed as a strut when it is subject to an axial compressive stres.

171. (A) Poisson ratio is the negative ratio of transverse to axial strain. It has no unit. Poisson ratio occurs between 0 to 0.5 and Rubber have 0.5 poisson ratio value and generally all metals have poisson ratio 0.25 to 0.35.