

**RRB MOCK TEST-9 (Solution)**

1. (B) L A Z Y

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
12 1 26 25

Therefore,  
Z E A L

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
26 5 1 12

2. (C)  $F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P$

$G \xrightarrow{+5} L \xrightarrow{+5} Q$

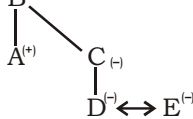
$D \xrightarrow{+5} I \xrightarrow{+5} N$

Similarly,  $J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+5} T$

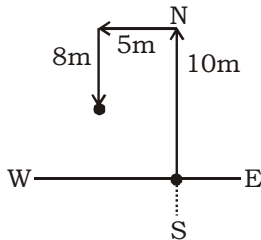
3. (A)  $12 + 13 = 25$  ;  $15 + 10 = 25$  ;

$16 + 9 = 25$  ;  $18 + 7 = 25$

4. (C)  $B^{(+)}$



5. (D)



6. (C)

7. (D)

8. (C)  $(4 + 2) - 3 = 3$  ;  $(8 + 6) - 7 = 7$  ;

$(8 + 5) - 7 = 6$  ; and

$(13 + 12) - 3 = 22$

9. (B)  $7 + 7 - 2 \times 1 = 12$

$\Rightarrow 14 - 2 = 12$

10. (C)  $135 - 123 = 12$

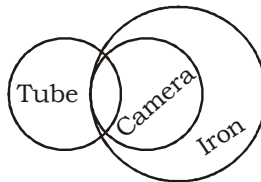
$123 - 111 = 12$

$100 - 88 = 12$

But,  $111 - 100 = 11$

11. (B) abcababcabcab

12. (B)



I. False

II. True

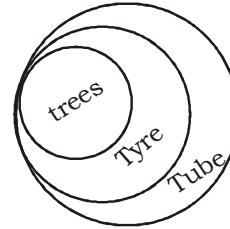
13. (C)



I. Doubt  or

II. Doubt

14. (A)



I. True

II. False

15. (B)  $\begin{matrix} 216 & 168 & 120 & 72 & 24 \\ \downarrow & \uparrow & \downarrow & \uparrow & \downarrow \\ & -48 & & -48 & & -48 & & -48 & & -48 \end{matrix}$

Therefore, the number 163 is wrong in the series.

16. (C) In each subsequent figure the design rotates through  $45^\circ$  clockwise.

17. (B) The meaningful order will be :

4. Embryo (Before Birth first 4 weeks of pregnancy)

↓

Fetus (after 4 weeks of pregnancy - Before Birth)

↓

1. Neonate (0 - 4 weeks after birth)

↓

3. Infant (0 - 12 months after birth)

↓

2. Child (Above 1 yr of age)

18. (D)

19. (A)  $36 + 24 = 30 \times 2$  ;

$15 + 7 = 11 \times 2$

and  $60 + 20 = 40 \times 2$

20. (D)

Subject	L	M	N	O	P
English	√	√	√	x	x
History	√	x	√	√	
Civics	√	√	x	√	√
Economics	x	√	√	√	√
Maths	x	x	x	√	√

O is god in Civics, Economics, History and Mathematics.

21. (C) The lowermost number in each column is equal to the square of the sum of the first three numbers.

$(1 + 4 + 2)^3 = 243$

$(4 + 2 + 2)^3 = 512$

Therefore,

$(? + 5 + 3)^3 = 2197$

or,  $(? + 8)^3 = (13)^3$

or,  $? = 13 - 8 = 5$

22. (A) Luggage

23. (A) The letters of the adjacent faces to the face with letter A are B, F, C and E. Hence

  
**K D Campus Pvt. Ltd**

**2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009**

- D is the letter of the face opposite to the face with letters (A).
24. (A) Blood relation Analysis :  
Have no brother's or sister, so Harsh is single child  
Wife of father's son → His wife  
His wife is mother of the person whose portrait is. So portrait is of his child.
25. (B)
26. (A) Area of triangle =  $\frac{1}{2} \times \text{Base} \times \text{Height}$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 26 = 130 \text{ sq cm}$
27. (B) Suppose the number =  $10x + y$   
 $x + y = 11$  ..... (i)  
 $(10x + y) + 27 = 10y + x$   
 $\Rightarrow 10x - x + y - 10y = -27$   
 $\Rightarrow 9x - 9y = -27$   
 $\Rightarrow x - y = -3$  .....(ii)  
 $\Rightarrow x = 4$  and  $y = 7$   
 $= 10x + y = 40 + 7 = 47$
28. (A) If the number of successful candidates be  $x$ , then  
 $x \times 39 + (120 - x) 15 = 120 \times 35$   
 $\Rightarrow 39x + 1800 - 15x = 4200$   
 $\Rightarrow 24x = 4200 - 1800 = 2400$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 100$
29. (B) Let total cost = ₹ 100  
Total S.P. =  $\frac{75 \times 124}{100} + 25$   
 $= 93 + 25 = ₹ 118$   
 $\therefore$  Total gain = 18%
30. (C) Let the length be  $x$  metre and breadth be  $y$  metre  
 $\therefore (x - 5)(y + 3) = xy - 9$ .... (i)  
Again,  
 $(x + 3)(y + 2) = xy + 67$  ....(ii)  
From equation (i),  
 $xy + 3x - 5y - 15 = xy - 9$   
 $\Rightarrow 3x - 5y = 6$  .....(iii)  
From equation (ii),  
 $2x + 3y = 61$  ....(iv)  
By equation (iii)  $\times 3$  + (iv)  $\times 5$   
 $9x + 10x = 18 + 305$   
 $\Rightarrow 19x = 323 \Rightarrow x = 17 \text{ metre}$
31. (C) 10 men = 18 children  
 $\Rightarrow 1 \text{ man} = \frac{18}{10} \text{ children}$   
 $\therefore 25 \text{ man} + 15 \text{ children}$   
 $= \left( 25 \times \frac{18}{10} + 15 \right) \text{ children}$   
 $= 60 \text{ children}$   
Now,  
more work more days and more children  
less days

- Work  $1 : 2$  }  
Children  $60 : 18$  }  $\therefore 15 : x$   
 $\therefore 1 \times 60 \times x = 2 \times 18 \times 15$   
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{2 \times 18 \times 15}{60} = 9 \text{ days}$
32. (C) Let the required number be  $x$ .  
ATQ,  
 $\frac{5 - x}{7 - x} = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\Rightarrow 10 - 2x = 7 - x$   
 $\Rightarrow 3 = x$   
 $\therefore x = 3$
33. (B)  $\frac{\sin 30^\circ + \cos 30^\circ \times \tan 30^\circ}{1 + \cot 30^\circ \times \sec 30^\circ}$   
 $= \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{1 + \sqrt{3} \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}}$   
 $= \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}}{1 + 2} = \frac{1}{3}$
34. (A)  $8 = 8 \times 1$   
 $24 = 8 \times (1 + 2)$   
 $48 = 8 \times (3 + 3)$   
 $80 = 8 \times (6 + 4)$   
 $120 = 8 \times (10 + 5)$   
 $168 = 8 \times (15 + 6)$
35. (C)  $2\sin(3x) - 1 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 2\sin(3x) = 1$   
 $\Rightarrow \sin(3x) = \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\Rightarrow \sin(3x) = \sin 30^\circ$   
 $\Rightarrow 3x = 30^\circ$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 10^\circ$
36. (C) Remaining work  
 $= 1 - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$   
Remaining days =  $48 - 24 = 24$   
 $\frac{M_1 D_1}{W_1} = \frac{M_2 D_2}{W_2}$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{36 \times 24}{2} = \frac{M_2 \times 24}{3}$   
 $\Rightarrow M_2 \times 24 \times 2 = 3 \times 36 \times 24$   
 $\Rightarrow M_2 = \frac{3 \times 36 \times 24}{27 \times 2} = 54$   
Additional men =  $54 - 36 = 18$
37. (C) Total distance travelled  
 $= 50 \times 2.5 + 70 \times 1.5$   
 $= (125 + 105) \text{ km} = 230 \text{ km}$

  
**K D Campus Pvt. Ltd**

**2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009**

38. (D)  $2x + y = 5$   
 $3(2x + y) = 5 \times 3$   
 $\Rightarrow 6x + 3y = 15$
39. (C)  $\sqrt{4^n} = 1024$   
 $\Rightarrow 4^n = 1024^2 \Rightarrow 4^n = (4^5)^2$   
 $\Rightarrow 4^n = 4^{10} \therefore n = 10$
40. (C) Time taken by outlet pipe in emptying the cistern = 30 minutes  
 $\therefore$  Part of cistern emptied in 3 minute  
 $= \frac{3}{30} = \frac{1}{10}$
41. (C) Radius of the base of cylinder =  $\frac{14}{2}$   
 $= 7$  cm.  
 $\therefore$  Volume of cylinder =  $\pi r^2 h$   
 $= \left(\frac{22}{7} \times 7 \times 7 \times 80\right)$  cu. cm.  
 $= 12320$  cu. cm.
42. (D) Time = T years,  
 Rate = R% per annum  
 $\therefore A = P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$   
 $\Rightarrow 4320 = 3000 \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T \dots(i)$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{4320}{3000} = \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{36}{25} = \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$   
 $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^2 = \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$   
 $\therefore T = 2$  and  $1 + \frac{R}{100} = \frac{6}{5} = 1 + \frac{1}{5}$   
 $\Rightarrow \frac{R}{100} = \frac{1}{5} \Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{5} \times 100 = 20\%$   
 $\therefore$  Amount =  $3000 \left(1 + \frac{20}{100}\right) = 3000 \left(1 + \frac{1}{5}\right)$   
 $= 3000 \times \frac{6}{5} = ₹ 3600$
43. (D) Let the marked price be ₹ x.  
 $\therefore \frac{x \times 75}{100} = \frac{200 \times 135}{100}$   
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{200 \times 135}{75} = ₹ 360$

44. (D) Initial speed of train  
 $= \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}} = \left(\frac{10}{\frac{12}{60}}\right)$  kmph  
 $= \left(\frac{10 \times 60}{12}\right)$  kmph = 50 kmph  
 $\therefore$  Distance =  $50 \times \frac{12}{60} = 10$  km  
 $\therefore$  Required time =  $\frac{10}{40}$  hours  
 $= \left(\frac{10}{40} \times 60\right)$  minutes = 15 minutes
45. (B) Ratio of the number of 50 paise, 25 paise and 10 paise coins = 5 : 9 : 4  
 Ratio of their values  
 $= \frac{5}{2} : \frac{9}{4} : \frac{4}{10} = 50 : 45 : 8$   
 $\therefore 50x + 45x + 8x = 206$   
 $\Rightarrow 103x = 206 \Rightarrow x = 2$   
 $\therefore$  Total number of coins  
 $= 50 \times 2 \times 2 + 45 \times 4 \times 2 + 8 \times 10 \times 2$   
 $= 200 + 360 + 160 = 720$
46. (B) Required difference =  $1200 \times \frac{(30-10)}{100}$   
 $= 1200 \times \frac{20}{100}$   
 $= 240$
47. (D) Required % =  $\frac{(31-10)}{31} \times 100$   
 $= \frac{21}{31} \times 100 = 67.74\%$
48. (C) Total number of students  
 $= 1200 \times \frac{(4+10+20+31)}{100}$   
 $= 1200 \times \frac{65}{100} = 780$
49. (A) Required difference  
 $= 1200 \times \left[\frac{(30+20)-(4+31)}{100}\right]$   
 $= 1200 \times \frac{15}{100} = 180$
50. (B) Required number of students  
 $= \frac{217}{31} \times 100 \times \frac{9}{100} = 63$

K D  
Campus

**K D Campus Pvt. Ltd**

2007, OUTRAM LINES, 1ST FLOOR, OPPOSITE MUKHERJEE NAGAR POLICE STATION, DELHI-110009

**RRB MOCK TEST - 9 (ANSWER KEY)**

- |         |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (B)  | 26. (A) | 51. (C) | 76. (B) |
| 2. (C)  | 27. (B) | 52. (B) | 77. (C) |
| 3. (A)  | 28. (A) | 53. (B) | 78. (B) |
| 4. (C)  | 29. (B) | 54. (A) | 79. (D) |
| 5. (D)  | 30. (C) | 55. (C) | 80. (A) |
| 6. (C)  | 31. (C) | 56. (C) | 81. (B) |
| 7. (D)  | 32. (C) | 57. (C) | 82. (A) |
| 8. (C)  | 33. (B) | 58. (B) | 83. (C) |
| 9. (B)  | 34. (A) | 59. (C) | 84. (B) |
| 10. (C) | 35. (C) | 60. (B) | 85. (A) |
| 11. (B) | 36. (C) | 61. (C) | 86. (A) |
| 12. (B) | 37. (C) | 62. (D) | 87. (B) |
| 13. (C) | 38. (D) | 63. (D) | 88. (A) |
| 14. (A) | 39. (C) | 64. (D) | 89. (C) |
| 15. (B) | 40. (C) | 65. (A) | 90. (D) |
| 16. (C) | 41. (C) | 66. (B) | 91. (A) |
| 17. (B) | 42. (D) | 67. (D) | 92. (B) |
| 18. (D) | 43. (D) | 68. (C) | 93. (D) |
| 19. (A) | 44. (D) | 69. (B) | 94. (C) |
| 20. (D) | 45. (B) | 70. (D) | 95. (C) |
| 21. (C) | 46. (B) | 71. (A) | 96. (A) |
| 22. (A) | 47. (D) | 72. (D) | 97. (A) |
| 23. (A) | 48. (C) | 73. (D) | 98. (D) |
| 24. (A) | 49. (A) | 74. (B) | 99. (B) |
| 25. (B) | 50. (B) | 75. (B) | 100.(C) |